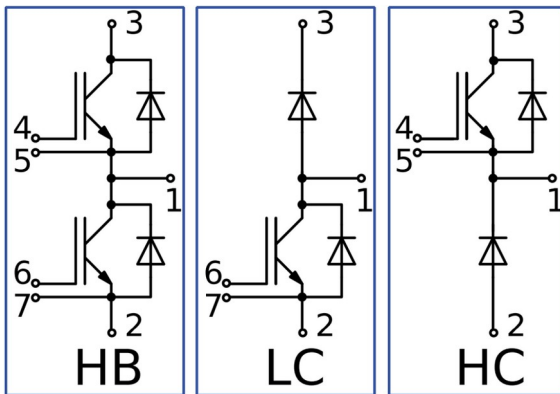
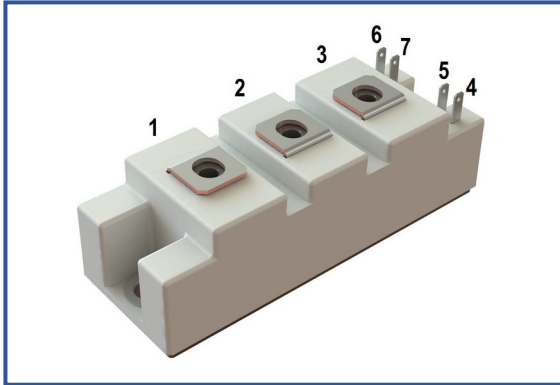


## Industry standard 34mm IGBT module

1200 V 200 A


**Chip features**

- IGBT chip
  - Trench FS
  - low  $V_{CE(sat)}$  value
  - 10  $\mu$ s short circuit of 150°C
  - square RBSOA of 2xlc
  - low EMI
- FRD chip
  - fast and soft reverse recovery
  - low voltage drop

**Design features**

- copper baseplate
- $Al_2O_3$  DBC substrate
- ultrasonically welded power terminals
- Improved thermal cycling
- RoHS compliant
- UL certified file-No. E255404

**Typical application**

- AC motor drives
- solar inverter
- air conditioning
- high power converters and UPS

**Maximum rated values**

Definition	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>IGBT</b>				
Collector-Emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0.$	1200	V
Collector current (nominal)	$I_{C\ nom}$		200	A
Collector current (maximum continuous)	$I_{C\ 25}$	$T_{vj\ (max)} = 175^{\circ}C; T_c = 25^{\circ}C.$	300	A
	$I_{C\ 80}$	$T_{vj\ (max)} = 175^{\circ}C; T_c = 80^{\circ}C.$	200	A
Repetitive peak collector current*1	$I_{CRM}$	$I_{CRM} = 3 \times I_{C\ nom}; t_p = 1\ ms.$	600	A
Short-circuit duration	$t_{psc}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ V; V_{CE} = 720\ V;$ $R_{G\ on} = R_{G\ off} = 2.2\ \Omega; I_{C\ max} < 750\ A.$	10	$\mu$ s
		$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}C; V_{GE} = \pm 15\ V; V_{CE} = 720\ V;$ $R_{G\ on} = R_{G\ off} = 2.2\ \Omega; I_{C\ max} < 620\ A.$	10	
Gate-Emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Junction operating temperature	$T_{vj\ (op)}$		-40...+150	$^{\circ}C$
<b>Inverse diode \ Freewheeling diode</b>				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$V_{GE} = 0\ V.$	1200	V
Forward current (nominal)	$I_{F\ nom}$		200	A
Forward current (maximum continuous)	$I_{F\ 25}$	$T_{vj\ (max)} = 175^{\circ}C; T_c = 25^{\circ}C.$	230	A
	$I_{F\ 80}$	$T_{vj\ (max)} = 175^{\circ}C; T_c = 80^{\circ}C.$	173	A
Repetitive peak forward current*1	$I_{FRM}$	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{F\ nom}; t_p = 1\ ms.$	600	A
Junction operating temperature	$T_{vj\ (op)}$		-40...+150	$^{\circ}C$
<b>Module</b>				
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-55...+50	$^{\circ}C$
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC sin 50 Hz; t = 1 min.	4000	V

\*1 Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that device junction temperature does not exceed maximum  $T_{vj}$

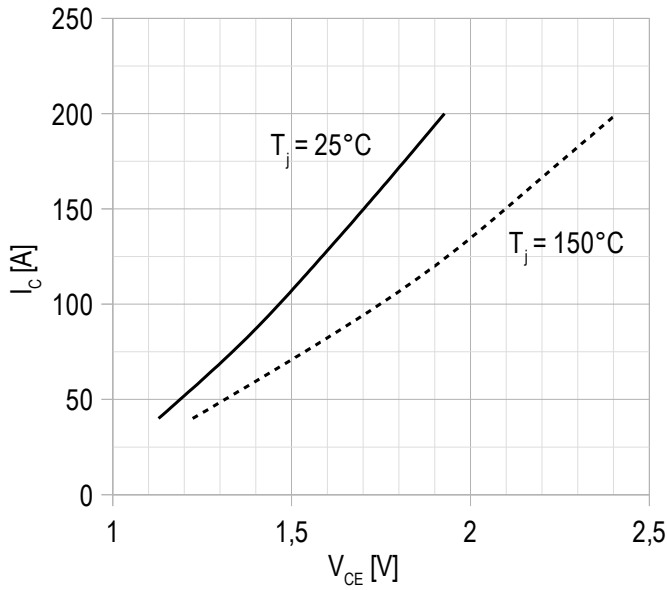
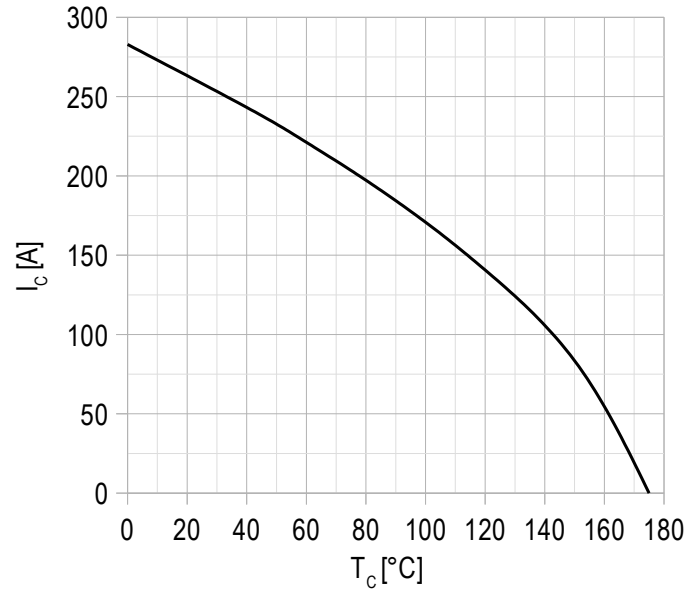
**Characteristics**

Definition	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit		
			min.	typ.	max.			
<b>IGBT</b>								
Collector-Emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$	$V_{GE} = +15\text{ V}; I_C = 200\text{ A}; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}.$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.88 2.31	1.93 2.41	2.10 2.70	V V	
Gate-Emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 7\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = V_{GE}; T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_u = 2\text{ ms}.$		5.45	5.85	6.45	V	
Collector-Emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}; t_u = 10\text{ ms}; V_{GE} = 0.$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.40 0.87	2.74 1.20	300 3.20	$\mu\text{A}$ mA	
Gate-Emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0; V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}; T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_u = 30\text{ ms}.$		10.1	13.6	400	nA	
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}.$		-	16.6	-	nF	
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$			-	1.20	-	nF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$			-	1.40	-	nF	
Total gate charge	$Q_G$	$I_C = 200\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = -8 \div 15\text{ V}.$		-	1784	1915	nC	
Internal gate resistance	$R_{Gint}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}.$		-	3.75	-	$\Omega$	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; I_{Cmax} = 200\text{ A}; R_G = 2.2\ \Omega; L = 56\text{ nH}.$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	324 370	373 429	420 470	ns	
Rise time	$t_{ri}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	50.0 57.0	52.7 58.1	60.0 70.0	ns	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	7.14 13.2	8.18 15.0	9.00 16.0	mJ	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	412 484	454 530	500 610	ns	
Fall time	$t_{fi}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	162 322	231 357	350 490	ns	
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	14.8 20.8	15.6 22.5	20.0 30.0	mJ	
Collector-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{CE0}$		$V_{GE} = +15\text{ V}; T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}; I_{CE1} = 50\text{ A}; I_{CE2} = 200\text{ A}; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}.$		0.82	0.84	0.92	V
On-State slope resistance (IGBT)	$r_{CE0}$				7.47	7.86	8.90	m $\Omega$
Thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		DC; $I_{CE} = 200 \pm 20\text{ A}; I_{test} = 0.5\text{ A}; V_{GE} = +15\text{ V}.$		-	0.133	0.180	K/W
<b>Inverse diode \ Freewheeling diode</b>								
Forward voltage drop	$V_F$	$I_F = 200\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}.$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.83 2.00	1.87 2.06	2.05 2.25	V V	
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; I_{Cmax} = 200\text{ A}; R_{Gon} = 2.2\ \Omega; L = 56\text{ nH}.$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	122 176	124 182	140 210	ns ns	
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrM}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	163 201	167 204	190 230	A A	
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	12.0 20.0	12.0 21.0	14.0 25.0	$\mu\text{C}$ $\mu\text{C}$	
Reverse recovery energy	$E_{rec}$		$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	6.00 15.0	6.00 17.0	8.00 21.0	mJ mJ	
Threshold voltage	$V_{(T0)}$		$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE} = 0; I_{CE1} = 50\text{ A}; I_{CE2} = 200\text{ A}; t_u = 1000\ \mu\text{s}$		0.83	0.84	0.90	V
Forward slope resistance	$r_T$				5.80	6.09	6.65	m $\Omega$
Thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(jc-D)}$	DC; $I_{CE} = 110 \pm 15\text{ A}; I_{test} = 0.5\text{ A}; V_{GE} = +15\text{ V}.$		-	0.263	0.300	K/W	

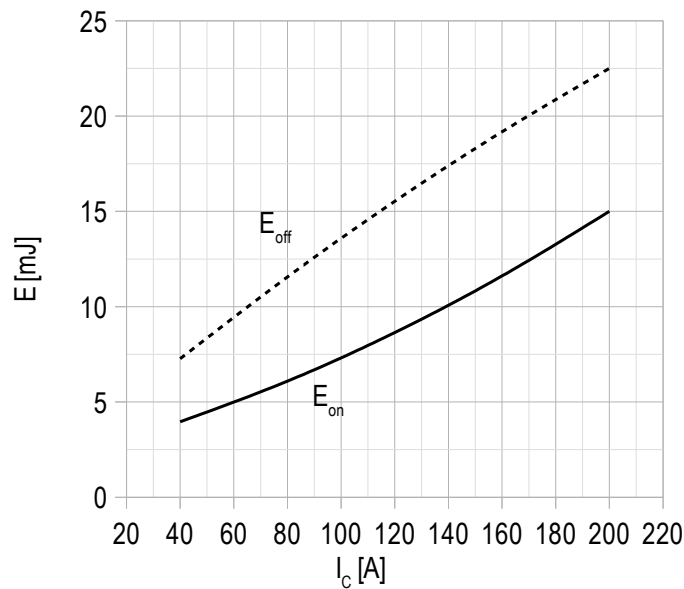
Module							
Pin resistance	$R_{Pxy}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}.$	$R_{P12}$	-	0.47	0.50	mΩ
			$R_{P13}$	-	0.66	0.66	
Parasitic inductance between terminals	$L_{Pce}$			-	27	-	nH
Thermal resistance case to heatsink	$R_{thCH}$	per module		-	0.02	0.04	K/W
Mounting torque for screws to heatsink	$M_s$	to heatsink M6		3.00	-	5.00	N*m
Mounting torque for terminal screws	$M_t$	to terminals M5		1.80	2.00	2.20	N*m
Weight	$W$			-	150	170	g

**Notes:**

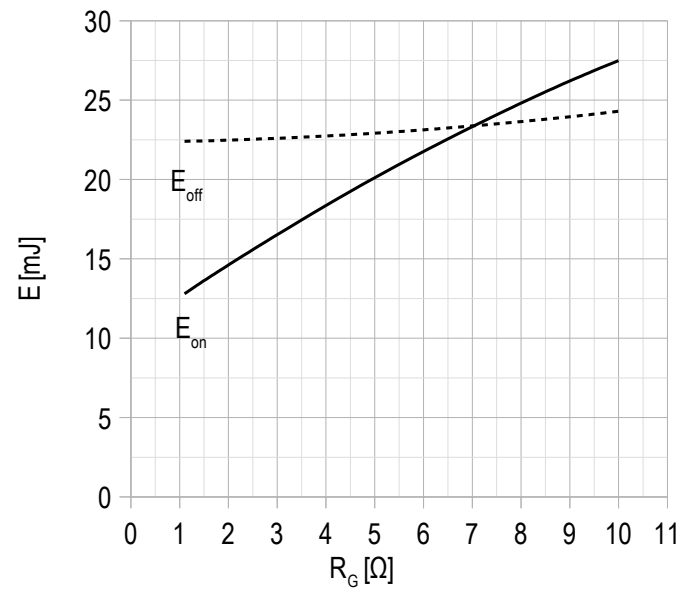
- Insulating material operating temperature 125°C max;
- Case temperature 125°C max;
- The recommended operating junction temperature  $T_{vj\ op} = -40 \div +150^{\circ}\text{C}.$

**Chart 1 – typ. output characteristic, IGBT.**

 $V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V.}$ 
**Chart 2 – max. rated current vs temperature.**


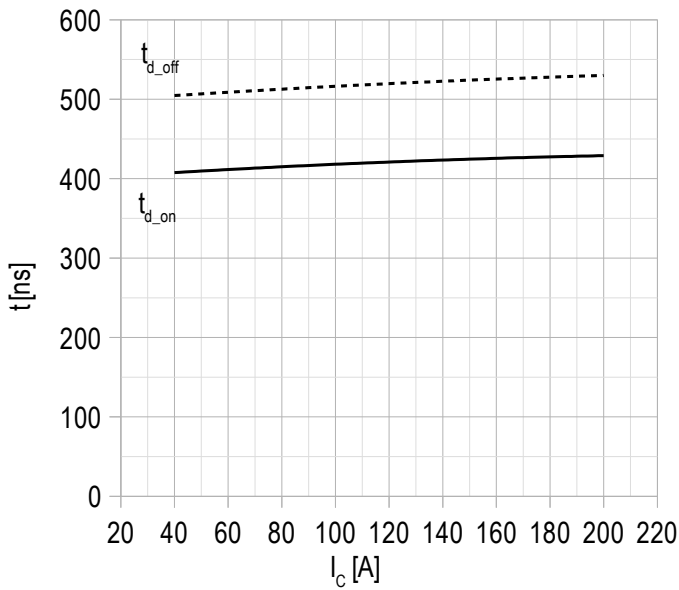
DC;  
 $V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V;}$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C.}$

**Chart 3 – typ. turn-on/off energy vs rated current, IGBT.**


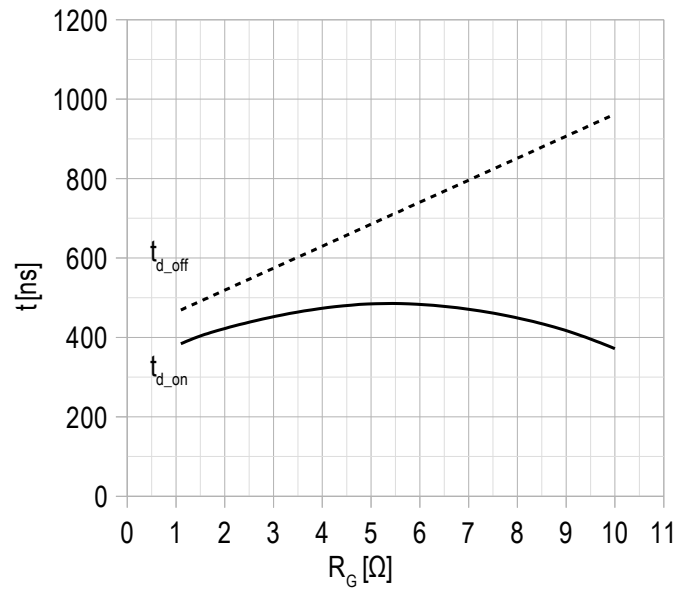
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V;}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V;}$   
 $R_G = 2.2 \ \Omega;$   
 $L = 56 \text{ nH;}$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C.}$

**Chart 4 – typ. turn-on/off energy vs gate resistance, IGBT.**


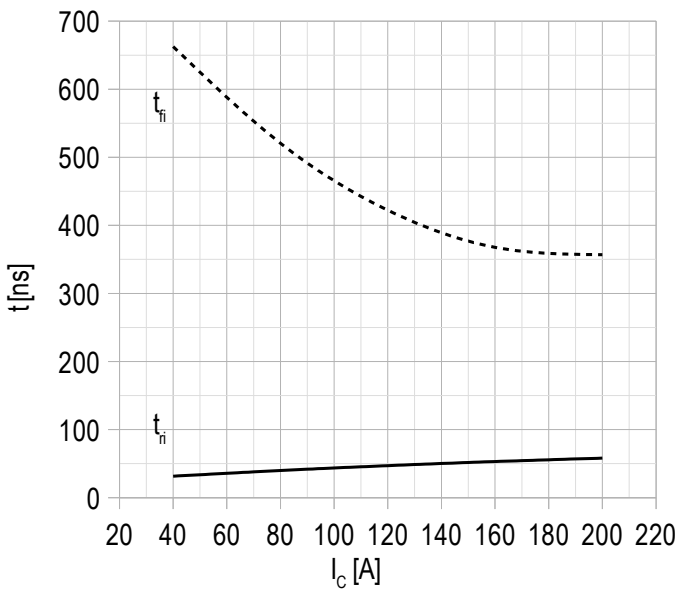
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V;}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V;}$   
 $I_{Cmax} = 200 \text{ A;}$   
 $L = 56 \text{ nH;}$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C.}$

**Chart 5 – typ. switching times vs rated current, IGBT.**


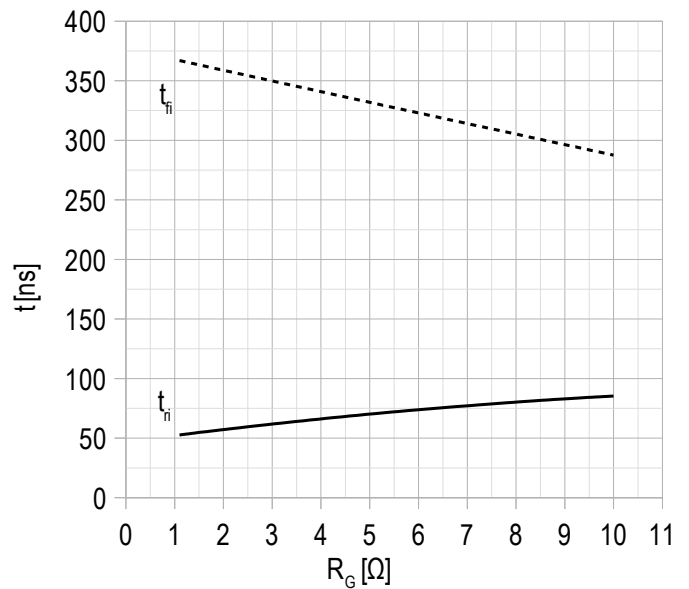
$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V};$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$   
 $R_G = 2.2\ \Omega;$   
 $L = 56\text{ nH};$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}.$

**Chart 6 – typ. switching times vs gate resistance, IGBT.**


$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V};$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$   
 $I_{Cmax} = 200\text{ A};$   
 $L = 56\text{ nH};$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}.$

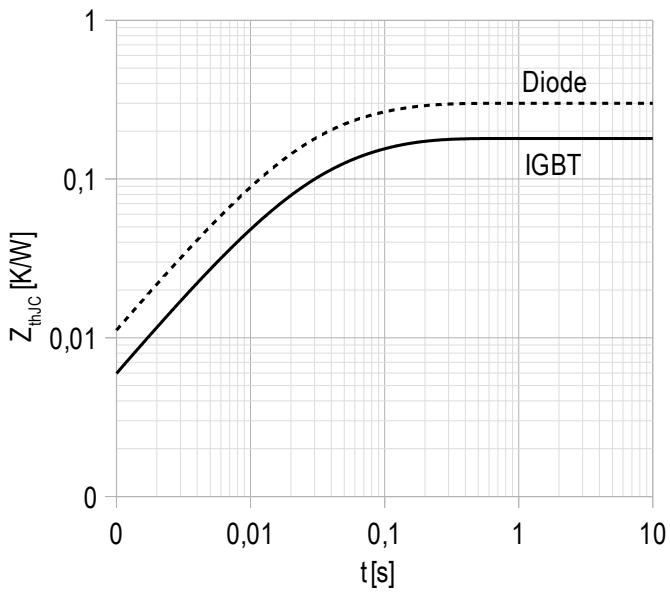
**Chart 7 – typ. switching times vs rated current, IGBT.**


$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$   
 $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V};$   
 $L = 56\text{ nH};$   
 $R_G = 2.2\ \Omega.$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}.$

**Chart 8 – typ. switching times vs gate resistance, IGBT.**


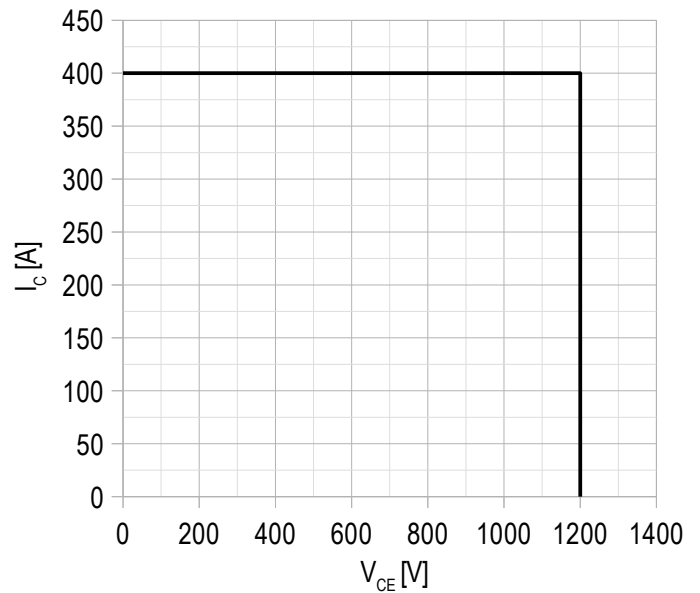
$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$   
 $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V};$   
 $I_{Cmax} = 200\text{ A};$   
 $L = 56\text{ nH};$   
 $T_{vj(max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}.$

Chart 9 – max. transient thermal impedance.



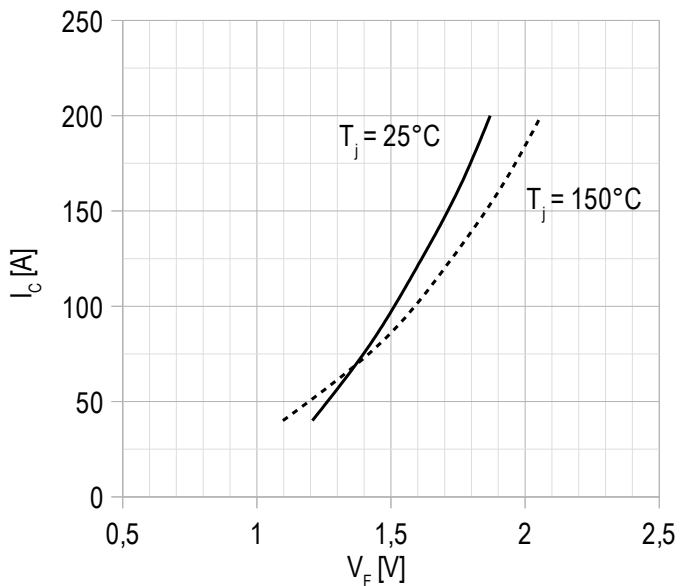
Single pulse;  
V<sub>GE</sub> = +15 V.

Chart 10 – RBSOA.



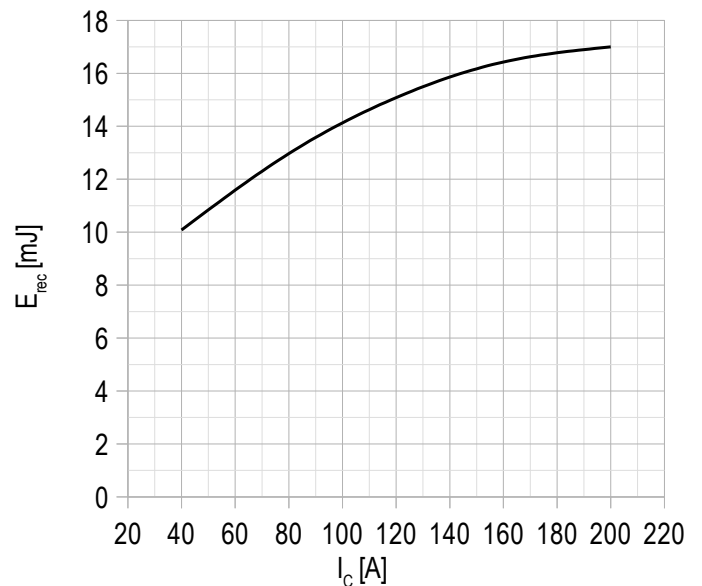
V<sub>CE max</sub> = 1200 V;  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V;  
I<sub>C max</sub> = 2 \* I<sub>C nom</sub>;  
L = 56 nH.

Chart 11 – typ. output characteristic, FRD.

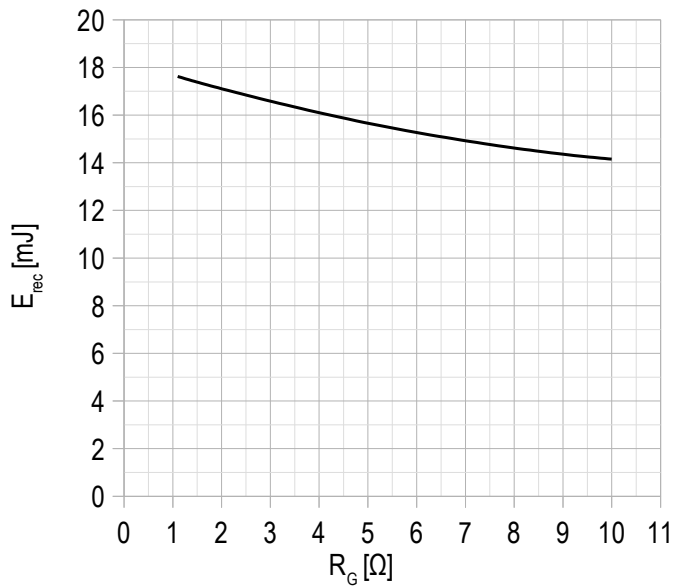


V<sub>GE</sub> = +15 V.

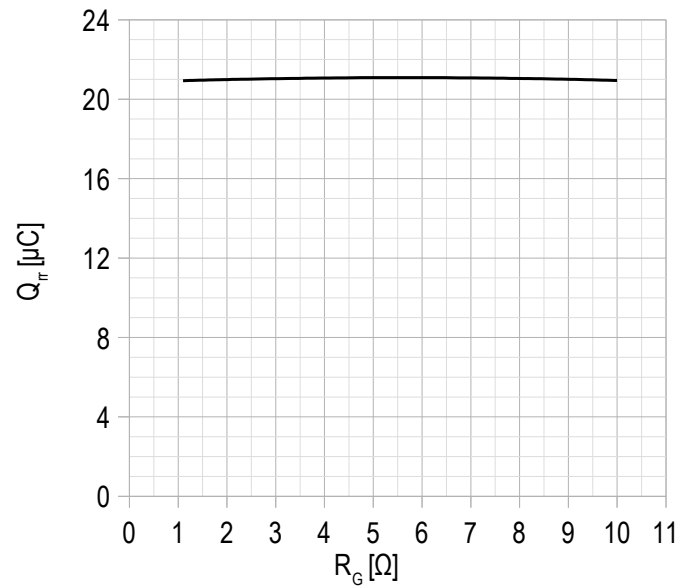
Chart 12 – typ. switching losses vs rated current, FRD.



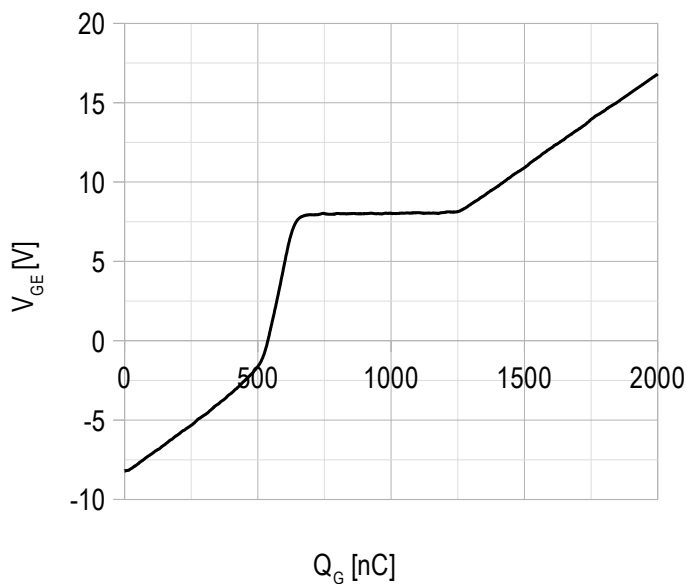
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V;  
V<sub>CE</sub> = 600 V;  
L = 56 nH;  
R<sub>G</sub> = 2.2 Ω.  
T<sub>vj (max)</sub> = 150°C.

**Chart 13 – typ. switching losses vs gate resistance, FRD.**


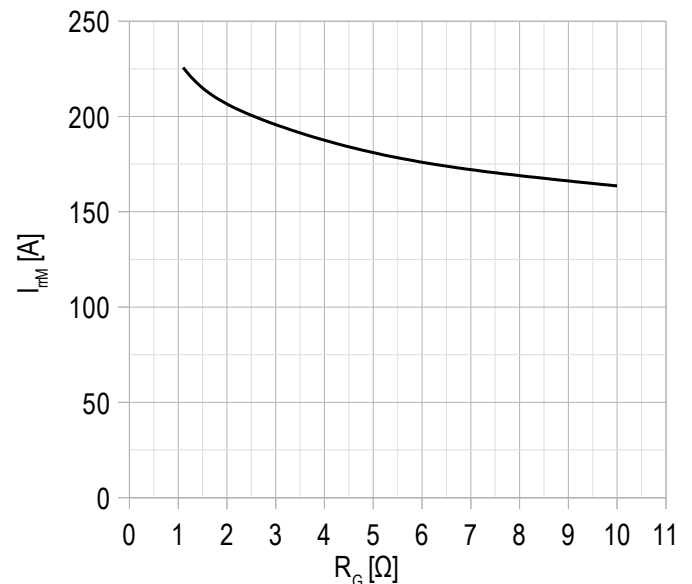
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V;  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V;  
 $I_{C\ max} = 200$  A;  
 $L = 56$  nH;  
 $T_{vj\ (max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Chart 14 – typ. reverse recovered charge vs gate resistance, FRD.**


$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V;  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V;  
 $I_{C\ max} = 200$  A;  
 $L = 56$  nH;  
 $T_{vj\ (max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ .

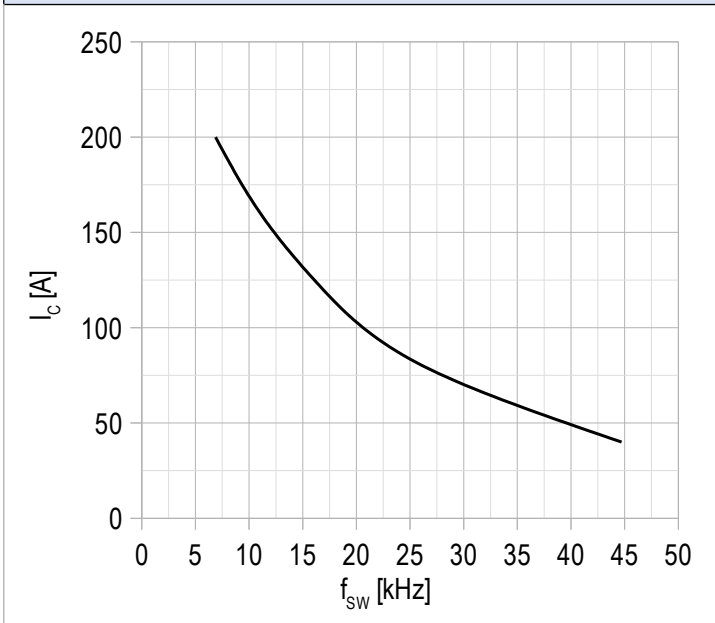
**Chart 15 – typ. gate charge characteristic.**


$I_C = 200$  A;  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V;  
 $V_{GE} = -8 \div 15$  V.

**Chart 16 – typ. reverse recovery current vs gate resistance FRD.**


$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V;  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V;  
 $I_{C\ max} = 200$  A;  
 $L = 56$  nH;  
 $T_{vj\ (max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ .

Chart 17 – typ. rated current vs frequency.



Duty cycle 50%;  
 $T_c = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  
 $T_{vj(max)} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .



