High power cycling capability
Low on-state and switching losses
Optimized for line frequency rectifiers
Designed for traction and industrial applications

Rectifier Diode
Type D133-1000-18

Average forward current			I_{FAV}		1000 A			
Repetitive peak reverse voltage			V_{RRM}		1000 ÷ 1800 V			
V_{RRM}, V	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1800
Voltage code	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	18
T_j, °C	-60 ÷ 190							

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{FAV}	Average forward current	A	1000 1155	T_c=117 °C; Double side cooled; T_c=100 °C; Double side cooled; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{FRMS}	RMS forward current	A	1570	T_c=117 °C; Double side cooled; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{FSM}	Surge forward current	kA	15.0 17.0	T_j=$T_{j\,max}$ T_j=25 °C	180° half-sine wave; t_p=10 ms; single pulse; V_R=0 V;
			16.0 19.0	T_j=$T_{j\,max}$ T_j=25 °C	180° half-sine wave; t_p=8.3 ms; single pulse; V_R=0 V;
I^2t	Safety factor	$A^2s\cdot10^3$	1100 1400	T_j=$T_{j\,max}$ T_j=25 °C	180° half-sine wave; t_p=10 ms; single pulse; V_R=0 V;
			1000 1400	T_j=$T_{j\,max}$ T_j=25 °C	180° half-sine wave; t_p=8.3 ms; single pulse; V_R=0 V;
BLOCKING					
V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	1000÷1800	$T_{j\,min}$< T_j <$T_{j\,max}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz;	
V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	1100÷1900	$T_{j\,min}$< T_j <$T_{j\,max}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse;	
V_R	Reverse continuous voltages	V	0.6·V_{RRM}	T_j=$T_{j\,max}$;	
THERMAL					
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	°C	-60÷50		
T_j	Operating junction temperature	°C	-60÷190		
MECHANICAL					
F	Mounting force	kN	9.0÷11.0		
a	Acceleration	m/s^2	50	Device clamped	

CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
ON-STATE					
V_{FM}	Peak forward voltage, max	V	1.6	T_j=25 °C; I_{FM}=3140 A	
$V_{F(TO)}$	Forward threshold voltage, max	V	0.95	$T_j=T_{j\,max}$; $0.5\ \pi\ I_{FAV} < I_T < 1.5\ \pi\ I_{FAV}$	
r_T	Forward slope resistance, max	mΩ	0.350		
BLOCKING					
I_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse current, max	mA	50	$T_j=T_{j\,max}$; $V_R=V_{RRM}$	
SWITCHING					
Q_{rr}	Total recovered charge, max	μC	1250	T_j=150 °C; I_{TM}=400 A ; di_R/dt=-10 A/μs ; V_R=100 V	
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	19		
I_{rrM}	Peak reverse recovery current, max	A	132		
THERMAL					
R_{thjc}	Thermal resistance, junction to case, max	°C/W	0.040	Direct current	Double side cooled
R_{thjc-A}			0.088		Anode side cooled
R_{thjc-K}			0.072		Cathode side cooled
R_{thck}	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink, max	°C/W	0.009	Direct current	
MECHANICAL					
w	Weight, typ	g	110		
D_s	Surface creepage distance	mm (inch)	11.10 (0.437)		
D_a	Air strike distance	mm (inch)	11.60 (0.457)		

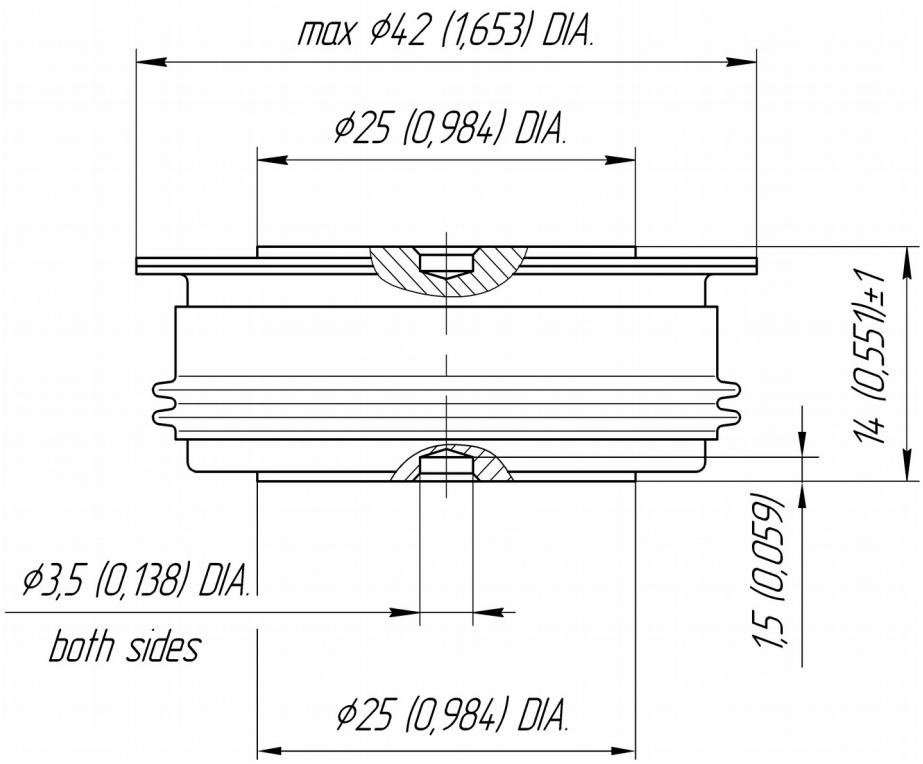
PART NUMBERING GUIDE

D	133	1000	18	N
1	2	3	4	5

1. D — Rectifier Diode
2. Design version
3. Average forward current, A
4. Voltage code
5. Ambient conditions: N – normal; T – tropical

OVERALL DIMENSIONS

Package type: D.B1



All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

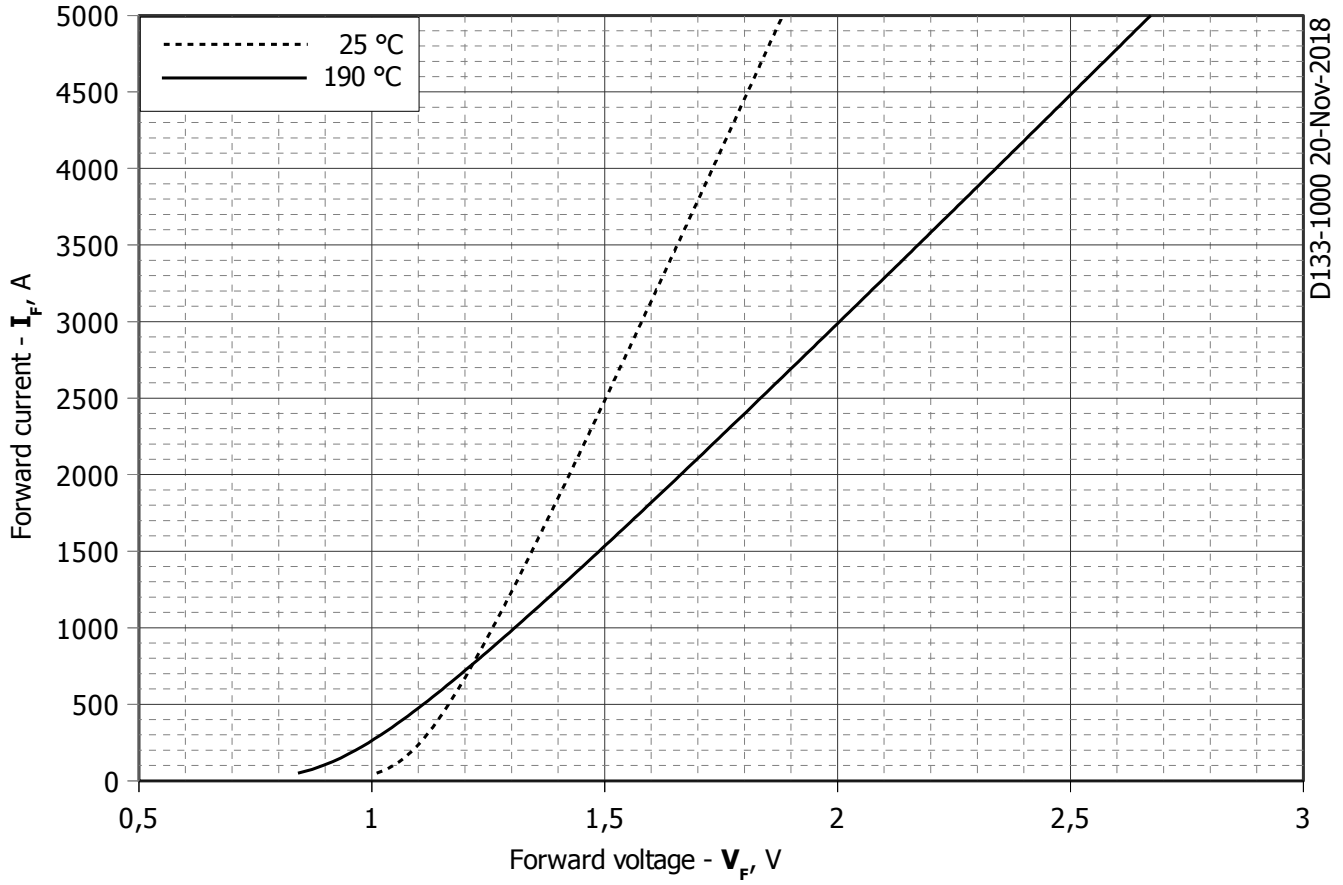


Fig 1 – Forward characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for Forward characteristic:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot i_F + C \cdot \ln(i_F + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_F}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	T_j = 25°C	$T_j = T_{j\,max}$
A	0,82474000	0,60122000
B	0,00015147	0,00032413
C	0,04814600	0,05817400
D	-0,00155470	-0,00063830

Forward characteristic model (see Fig. 1).

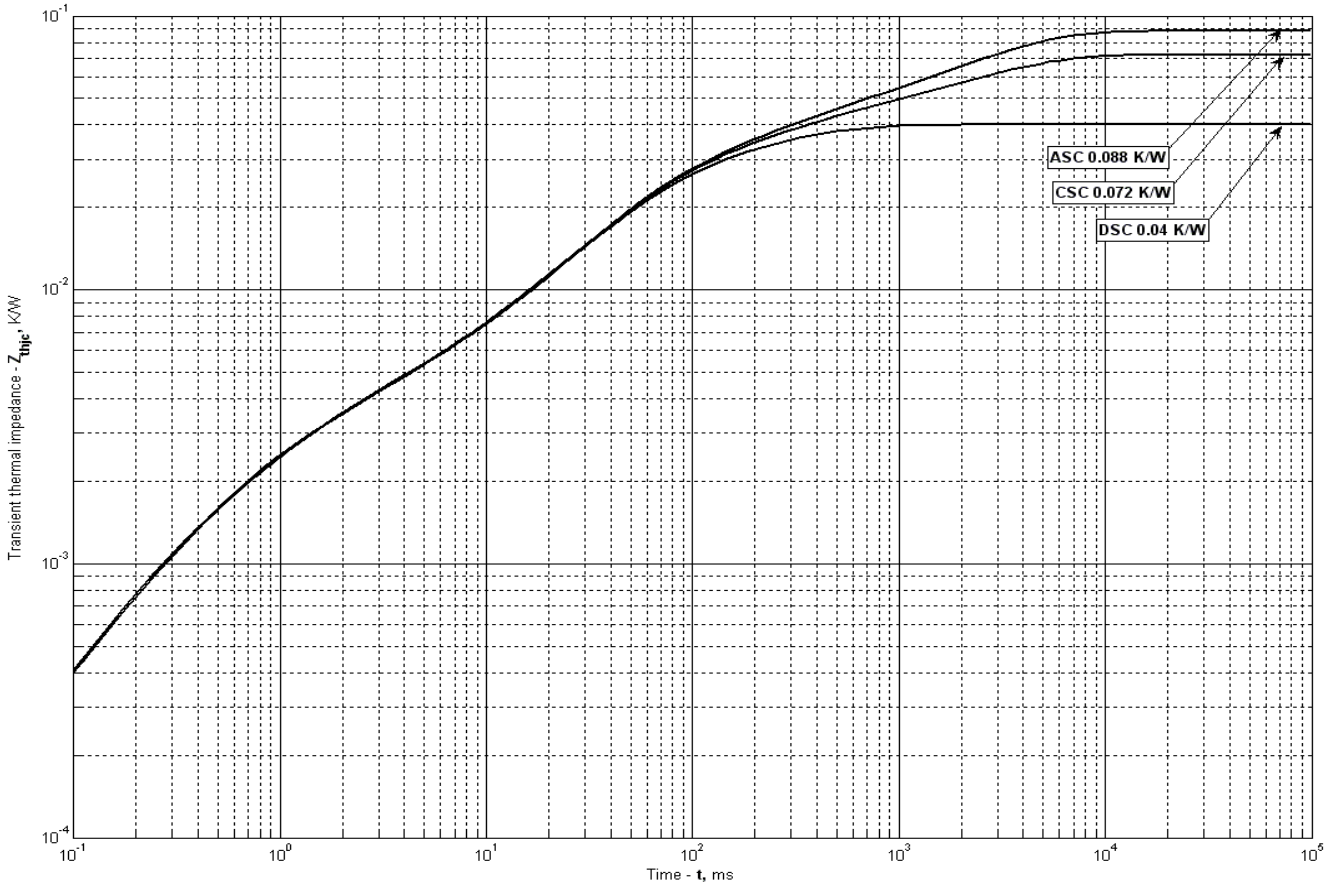


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where ***i*** = 1 to ***n***, ***n*** is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

$\mathbf{Z_{thjc}}$ = Thermal resistance at time t.

$\mathbf{R_i}$ = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

$\boldsymbol{\tau_i}$ = Time constatnt of r_{th} term.

DC Double side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
$\mathbf{R_i}$, **K/W**	0.01423	0.01906	0.003576	0.002535	-4.666e-005	0.0006479
$\boldsymbol{\tau_i}$, **s**	0.265	0.05901	0.03499	0.001252	0.000001	0.0002488

DC Anode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
$\mathbf{R_i}$, **K/W**	0.04804	0.001789	0.01342	0.02147	0.001374	0.001945
$\boldsymbol{\tau_i}$, **s**	2.651	0.4195	0.2622	0.05451	0.002585	0.0005847

DC Cathode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
$\mathbf{R_i}$, **K/W**	0.03216	0.01306	0.002934	0.02064	0.001493	0.001786
$\boldsymbol{\tau_i}$, **s**	2.647	0.2831	0.1455	0.05284	0.002255	0.0005519

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

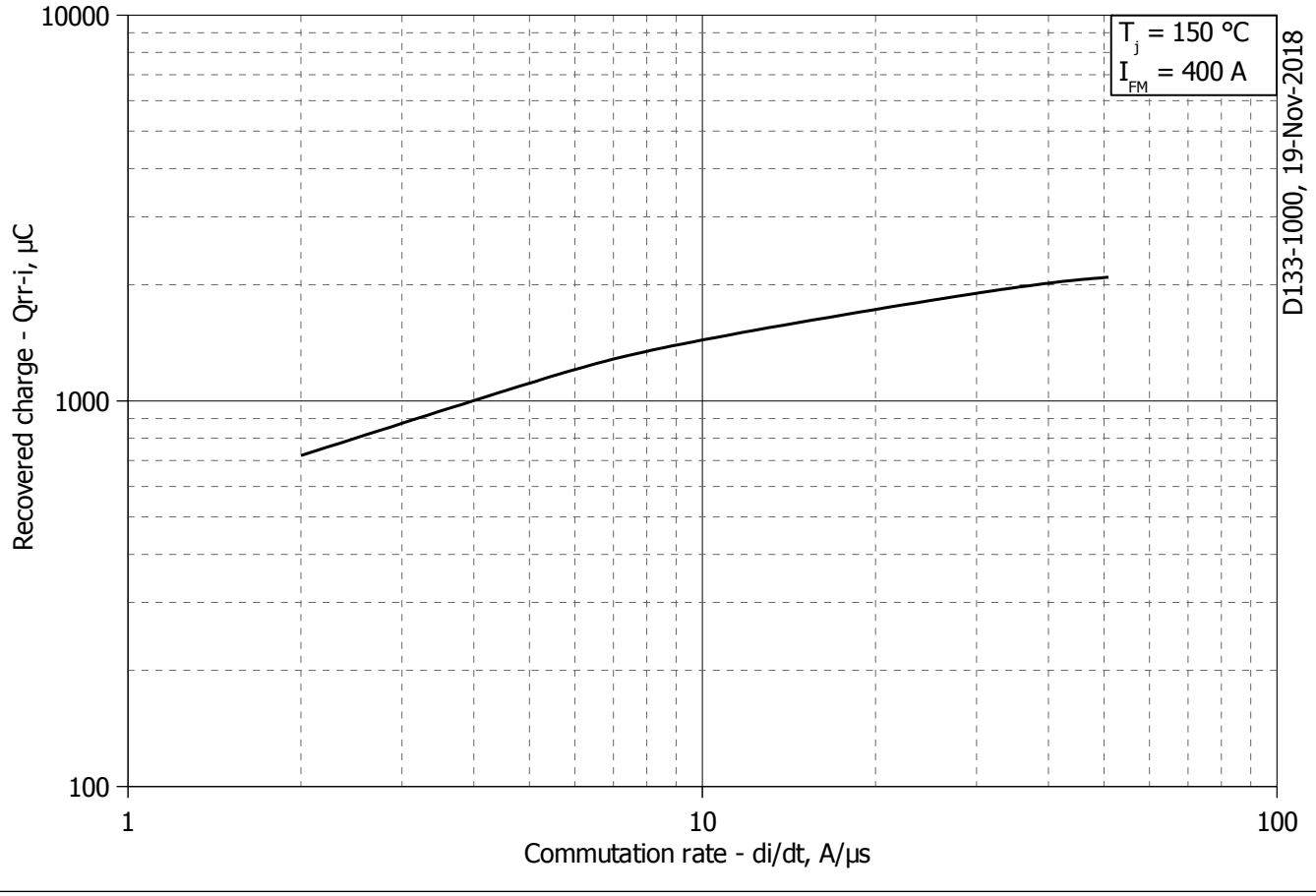


Fig 3 – Total recovered charge, Q_{rr-i} (integral)

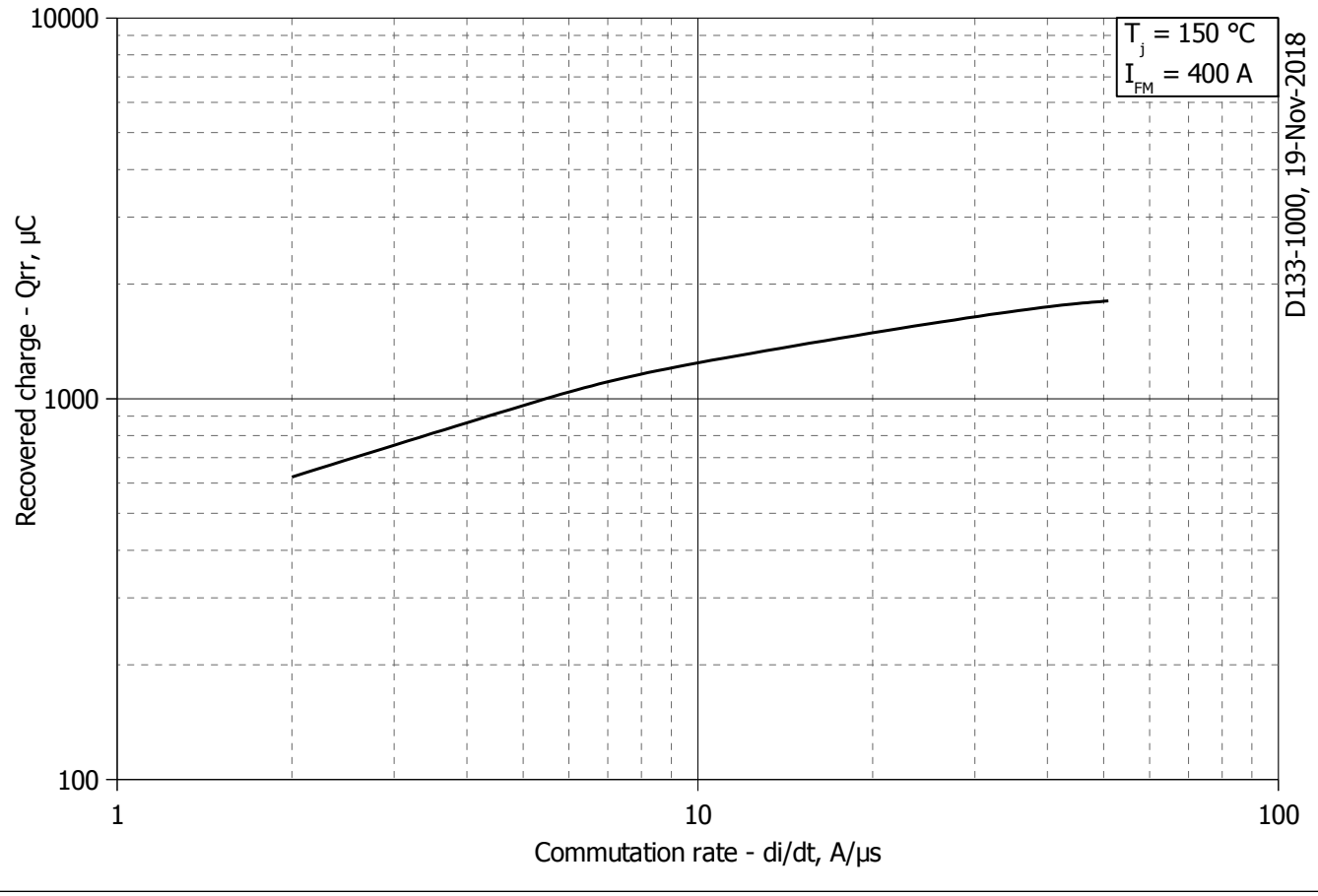


Fig 4 - Recovered charge, Q_{rr} (25% chord)

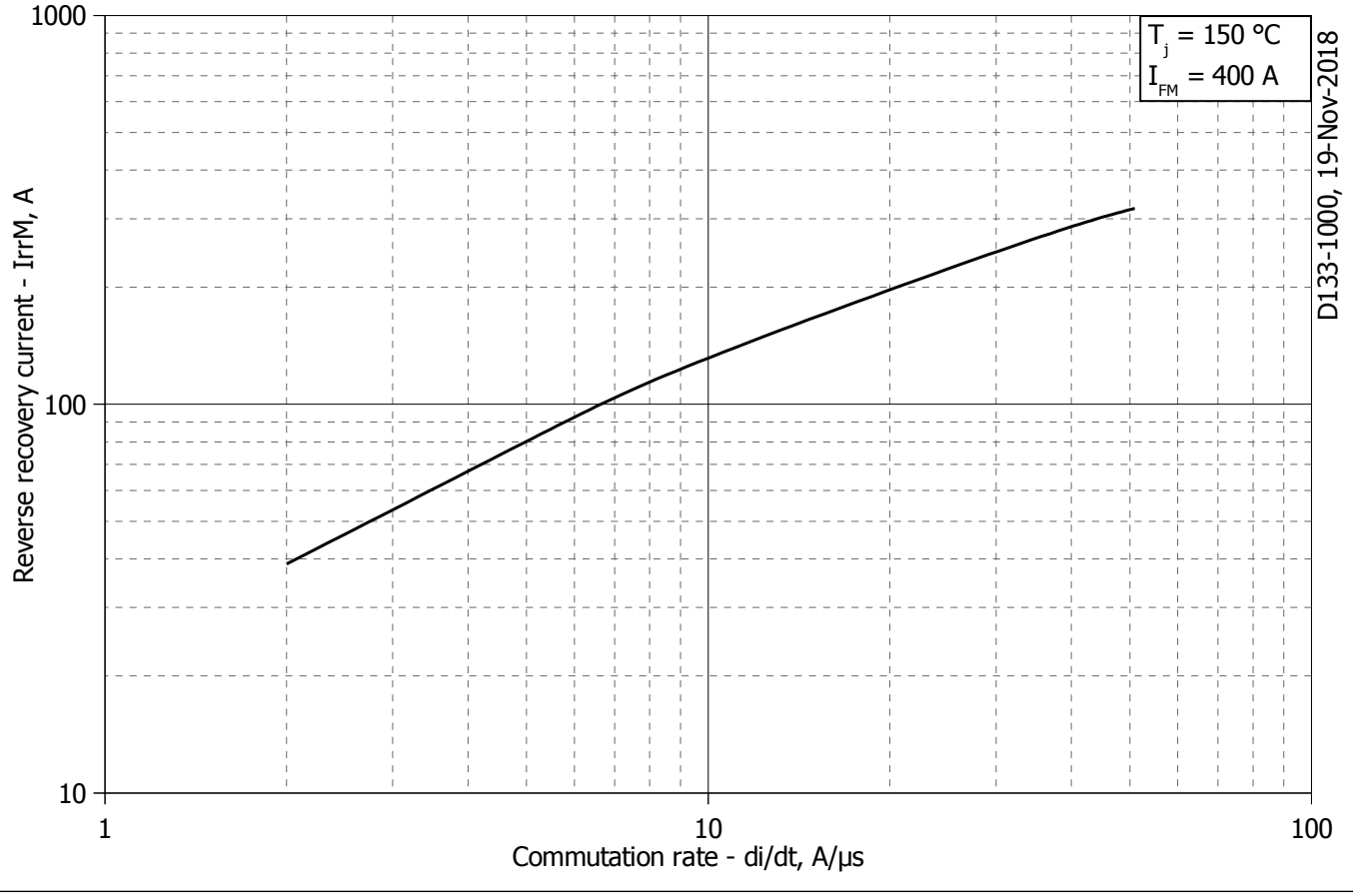


Fig 5 – Peak reverse recovery current, I_{rrM}

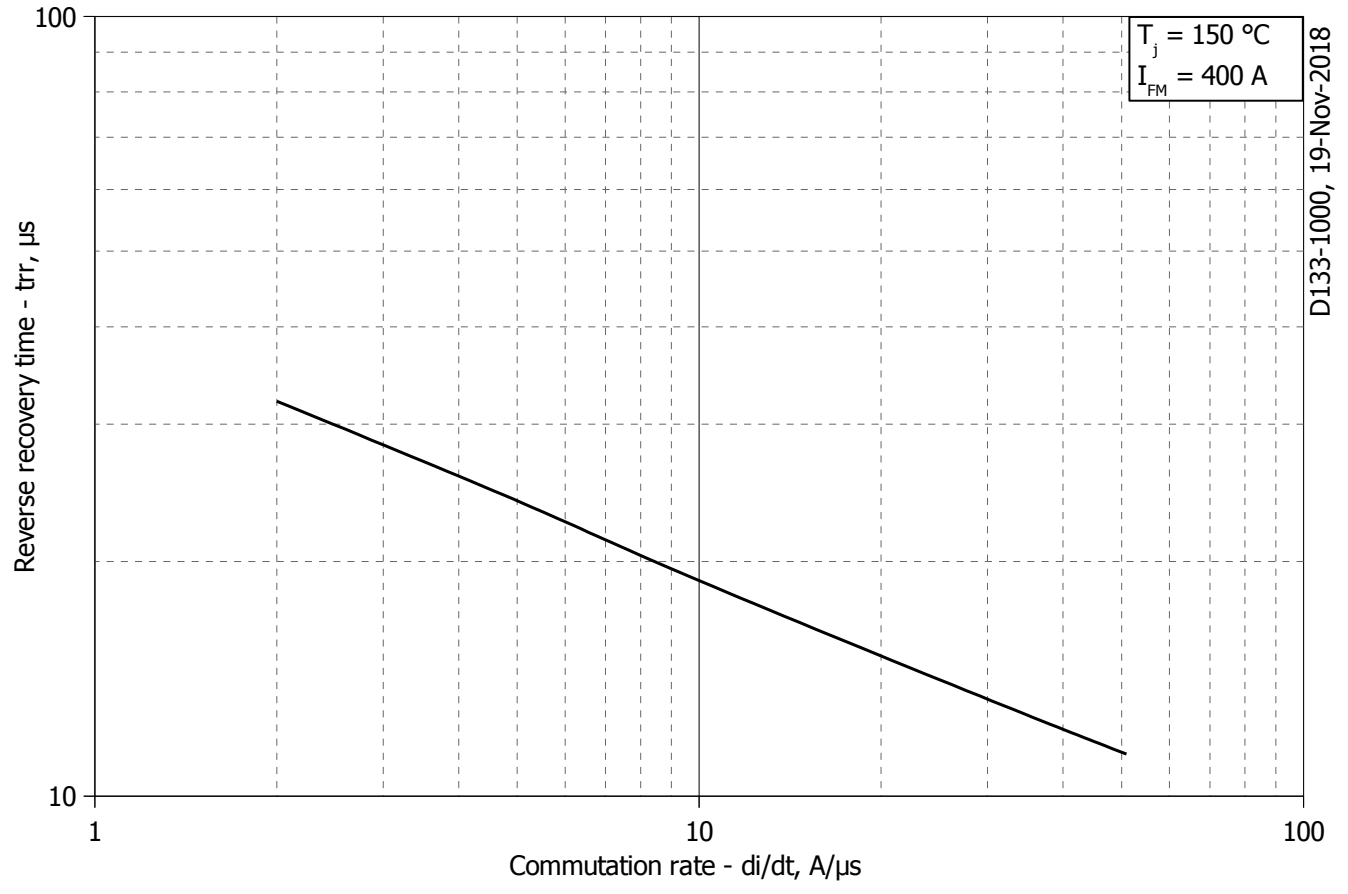


Fig 6 – Maximum recovery time, t_{rr} (25% chord)

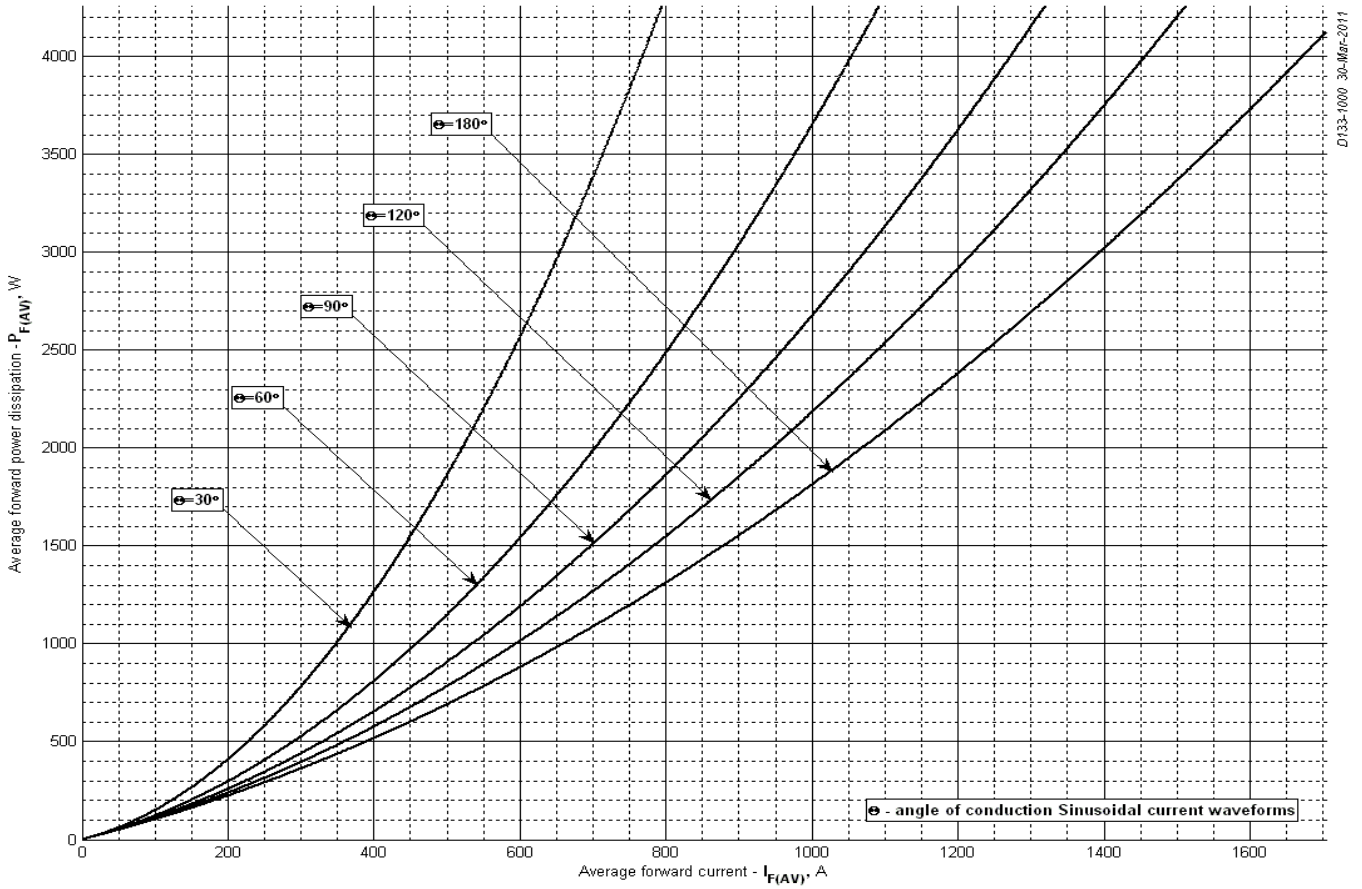


Fig 7 - Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. Mean forward current I_{FAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles (f=50Hz, DSC)

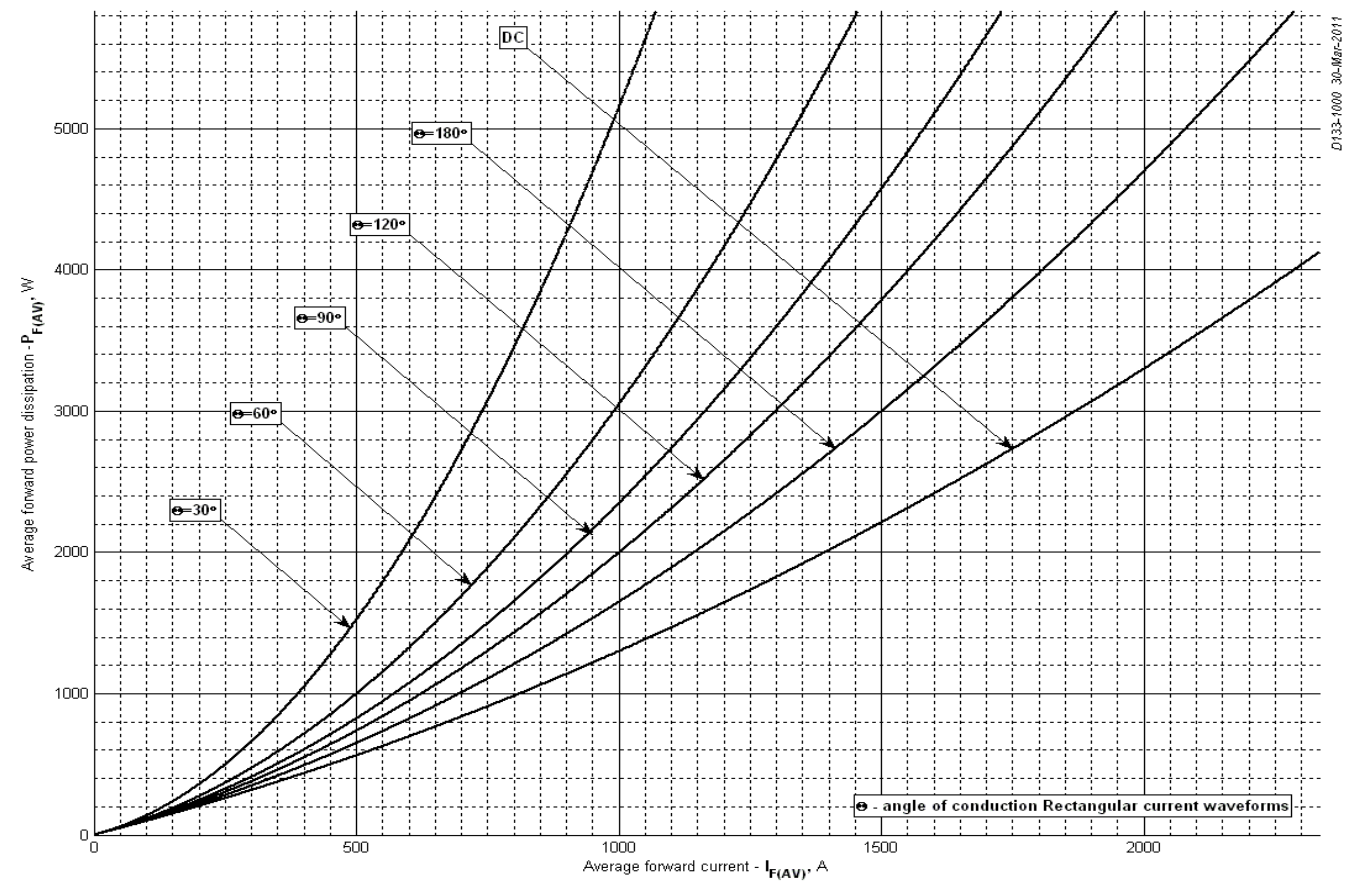


Fig 8 – Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. Mean forward current I_{FAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC (f=50Hz, DSC)

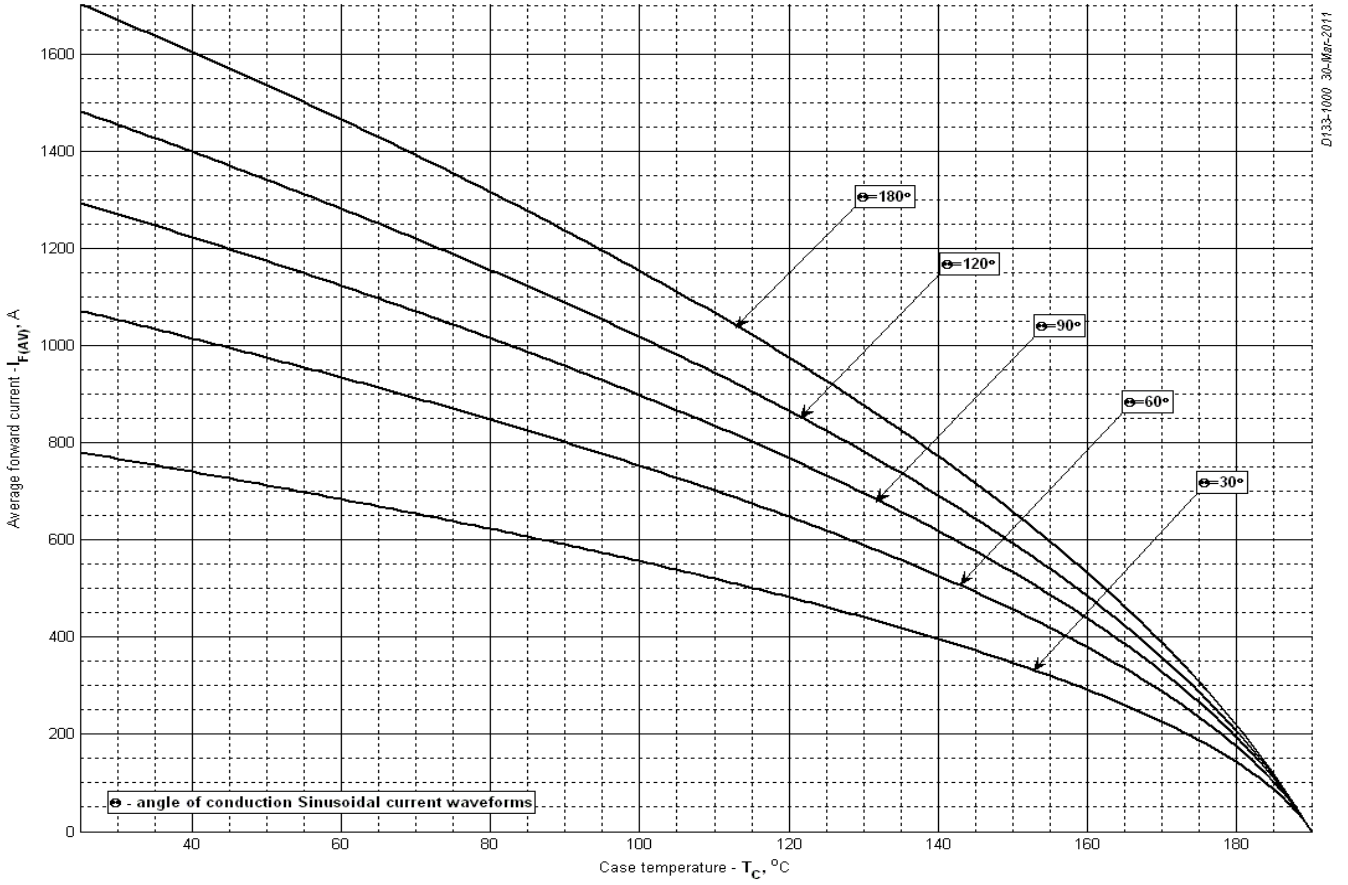


Fig 9 – Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. Case temperature T_C for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles (f=50Hz, DSC)

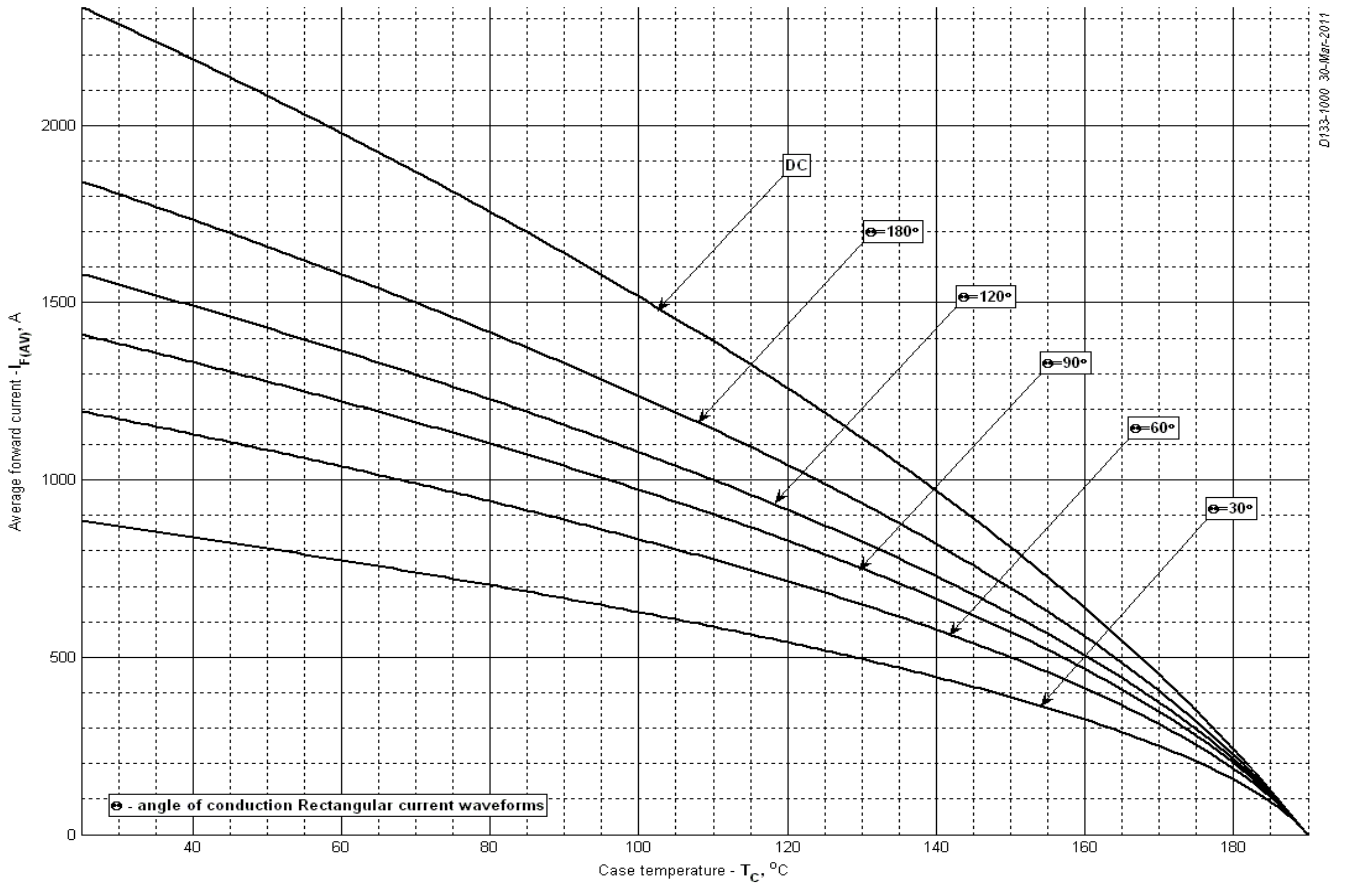


Fig 10 - Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. Case temperature T_C for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC (f=50Hz, DSC)

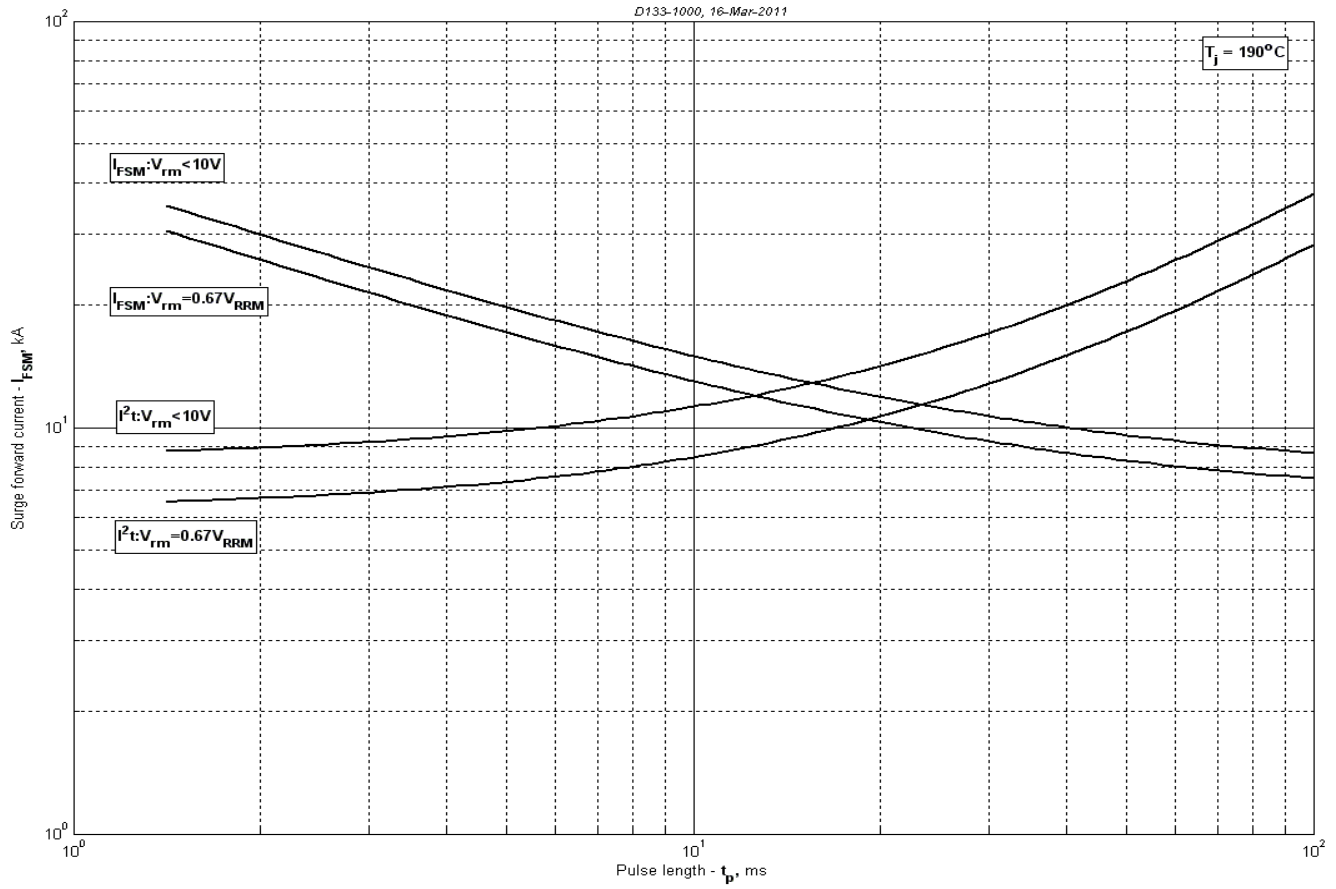


Fig 11 – Maximum surge and I^2t ratings

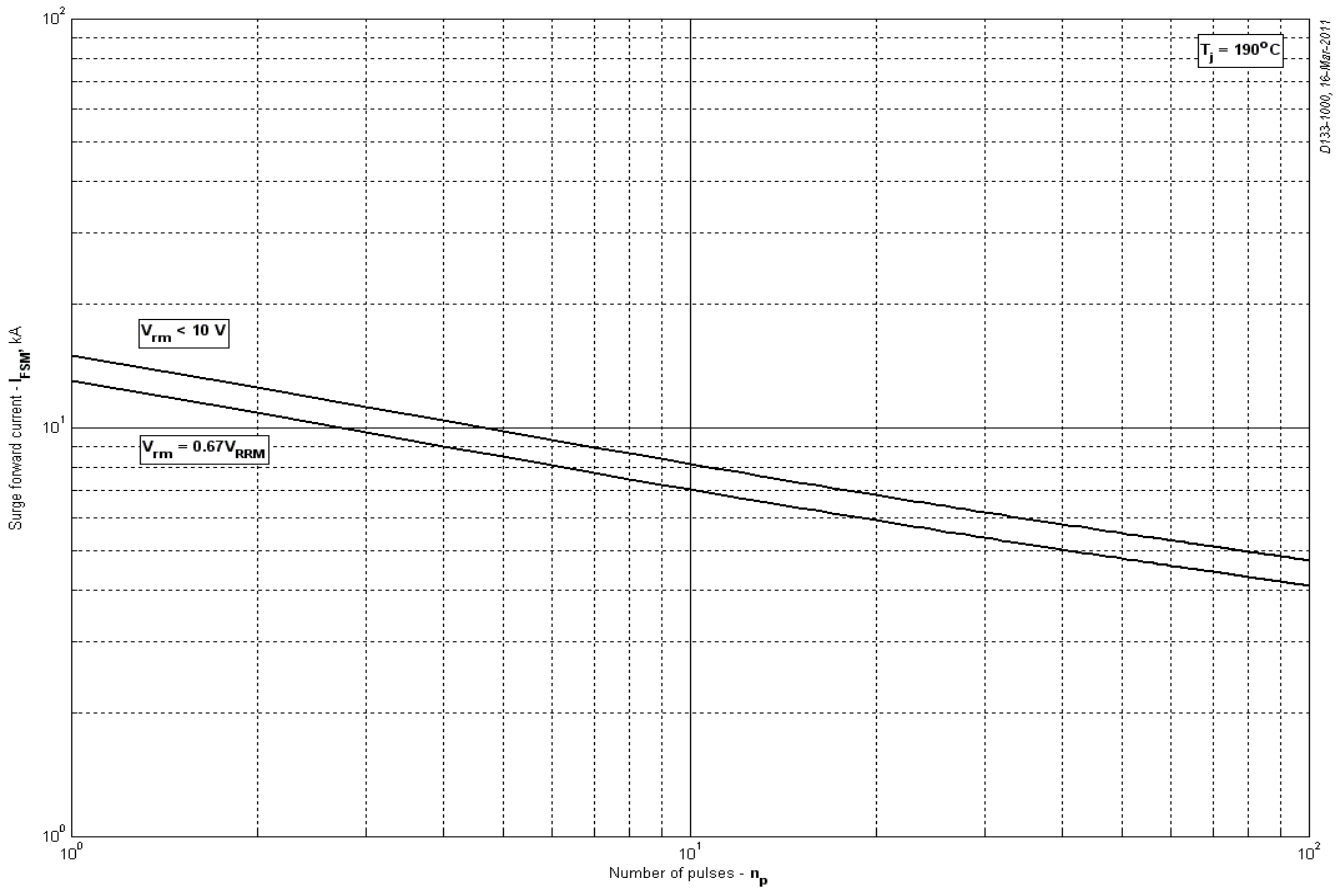


Fig 12 - Maximum surge ratings