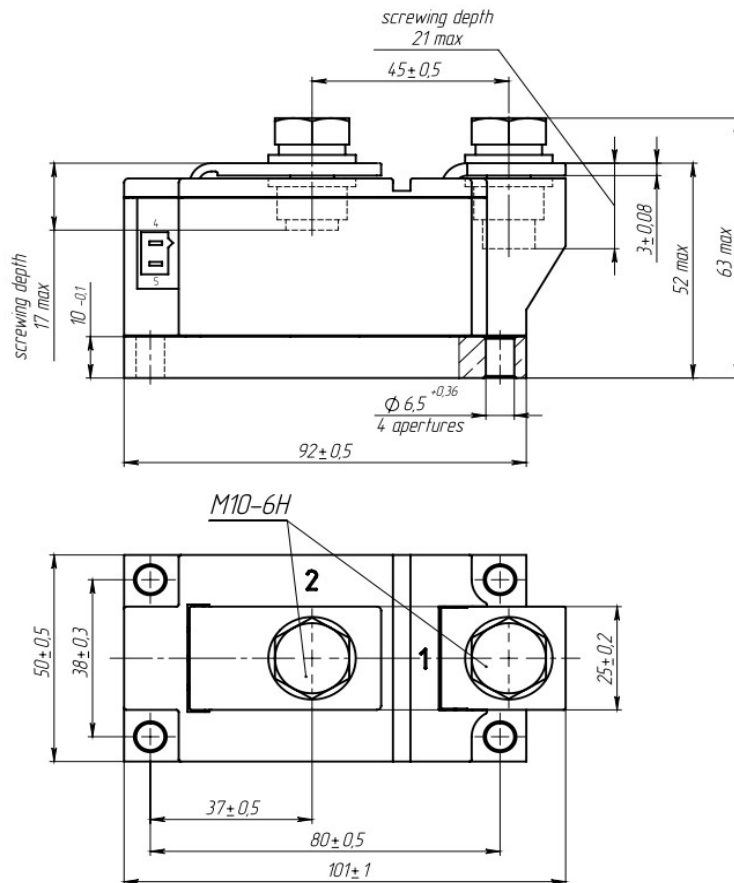
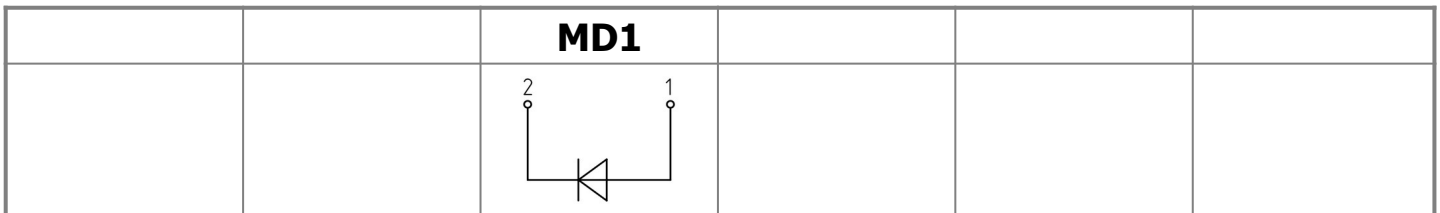


Electrically isolated base plate  
 Industrial standard package  
 Simplified mechanical design, rapid assembly  
 Pressure contact

# Single Diode Module For Phase Control MD1-350-65-B0

Average forward current				$I_{FAV}$	350 A			
Repetitive peak reverse voltage				$V_{RRM}$	5400...6500 V			
$V_{RRM}, V$	5400	5600	5800	6000	6200	6400	6500	
Voltage code	54	56	58	60	62	64	65	
$T_j, ^\circ C$	-40...+140							



All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

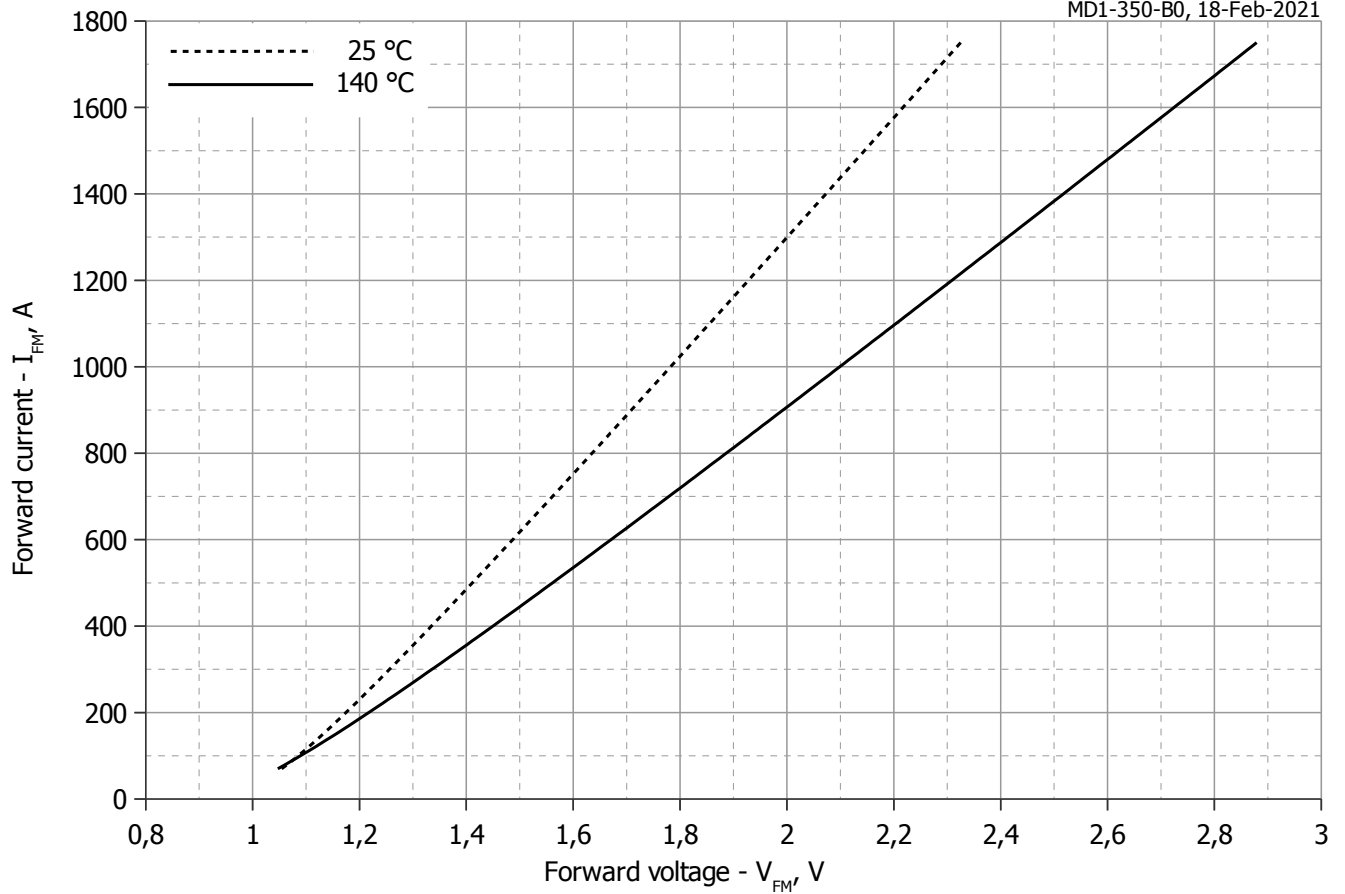
## MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions
<b>ON-STATE</b>				
$I_{FAV}$	Maximum allowable average forward current	A	350 366	$T_c=102\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; $T_c=100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{FRMS}$	RMS forward current	A	550	$T_c=102\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{FSM}$	Surge forward current	kA	10.0 11.5	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$ ;
			10.5 12.0	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$ ;
$I^2t$	Safety factor	$A^2s\cdot 10^3$	500 660	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$ ;
			450 590	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$ ;
<b>BLOCKING</b>				
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	5400...6500	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz;
$V_{RSM}$	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	5500...6600	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse;
$V_R$	Reverse continuous voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ ;
<b>THERMAL</b>				
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+50	
$T_j$	Operating junction temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+140	
$T_{c\text{ op}}$	Operating temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+125	
<b>MECHANICAL</b>				
a	Acceleration under vibration	$m/s^2$	50	

## CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions
<b>ON-STATE</b>				
$V_{FM}$	Peak forward voltage, max	V	1.85	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; $I_{FM}=1098\text{ A}$
$V_{F(TO)}$	Forward threshold voltage, max	V	1.036	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ ;
$r_T$	Forward slope resistance, max	$m\Omega$	1.055	$0.5\pi I_{FAV} < I_T < 1.5\pi I_{FAV}$
<b>BLOCKING</b>				
$I_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak reverse current, max	mA	100	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; $V_R=V_{RRM}$
<b>THERMAL</b>				
$R_{thjc}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case			180° half-sine wave, 50 Hz
	per module	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0550	
$R_{thch}$	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink			
	per module	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0100	
<b>INSULATION</b>				
$V_{ISOL}$	Insulation test voltage	kV	7.00	Sine wave, 50 Hz; $t=1\text{ min}$
			8.40	RMS $t=1\text{ sec}$
<b>MECHANICAL</b>				
$M_1$	Mounting torque (M6) <sup>1)</sup>	Nm	6.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$
$M_2$	Terminal connection torque (M10) <sup>1)</sup>	Nm	12.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$
m	Weight, max	g	900	

PART NUMBERING GUIDE						NOTES				
MD	1	-	350	-	65	-	B0	-	N	
1	2		3		4		5		6	
1. MD - Rectifier Diode 2. Circuit Schematic 3. Average Forward Current, A 4. Voltage Code 5. Package Type (M.B0) 6. Ambient Conditions: N – Normal										1) The screws must be lubricated

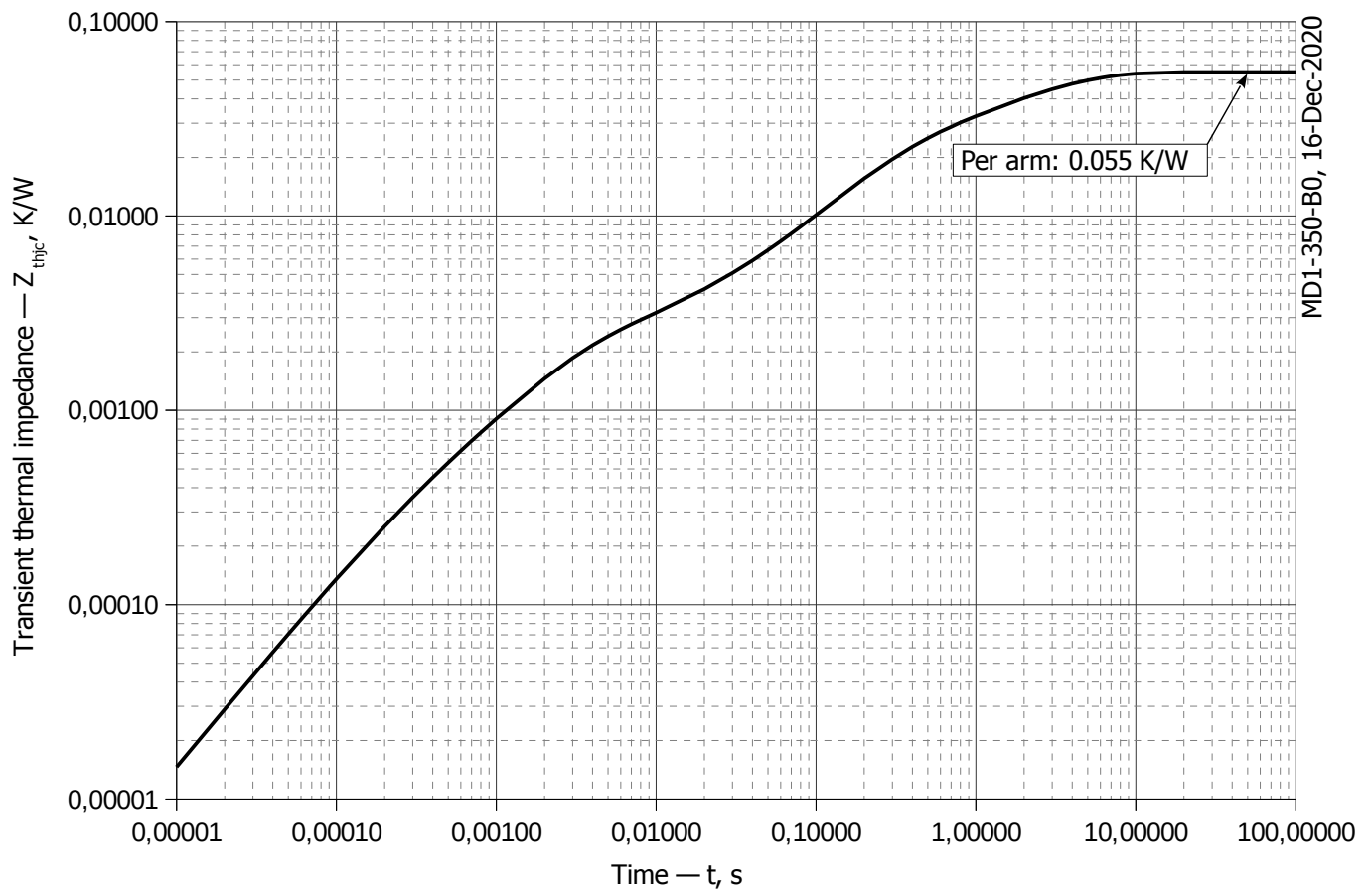


**Fig 1 – Forward characteristics of Limit device**

$$V_F = A + B \cdot i_F + C \cdot \ln(i_F + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_F}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j\text{max}}$
<b>A</b>	0.88957343	0.86958579
<b>B</b>	0.00070081	0.00096120
<b>C</b>	0.02673835	0.01614299
<b>D</b>	0.00022391	0.00494553

**Forward characteristic model (see Fig. 1).**



**Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance  $Z_{thjc}$  vs. time  $t$**

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where  $i = 1$  to  $n$ ,  $n$  is the number of terms in the series.

$t$  = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

$Z_{thjc}$  = Thermal resistance at time  $t$ .

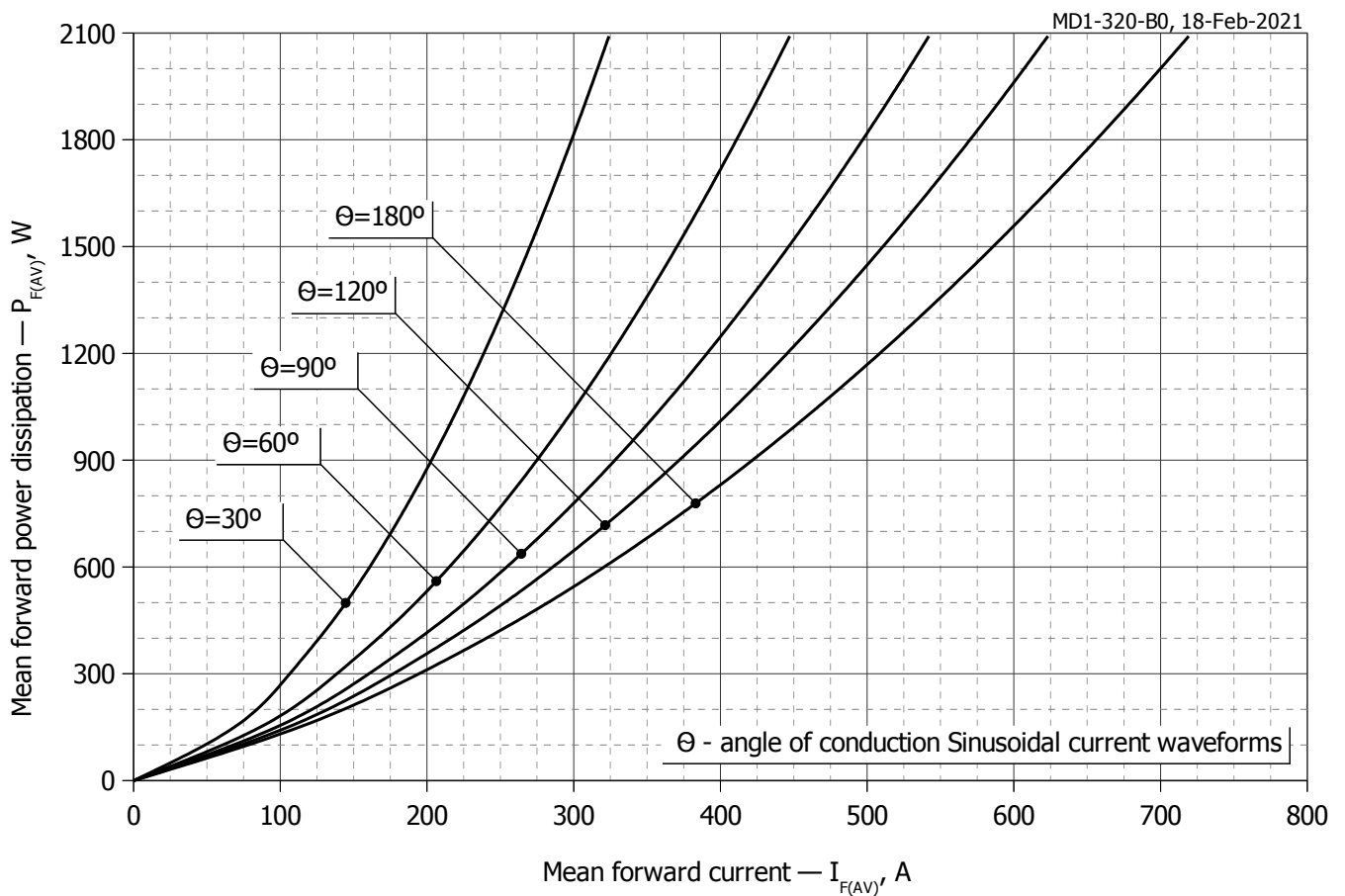
$R_i$  = Amplitude of  $p_{th}$  term.

$\tau_i$  = Time constant of  $r_{th}$  term.

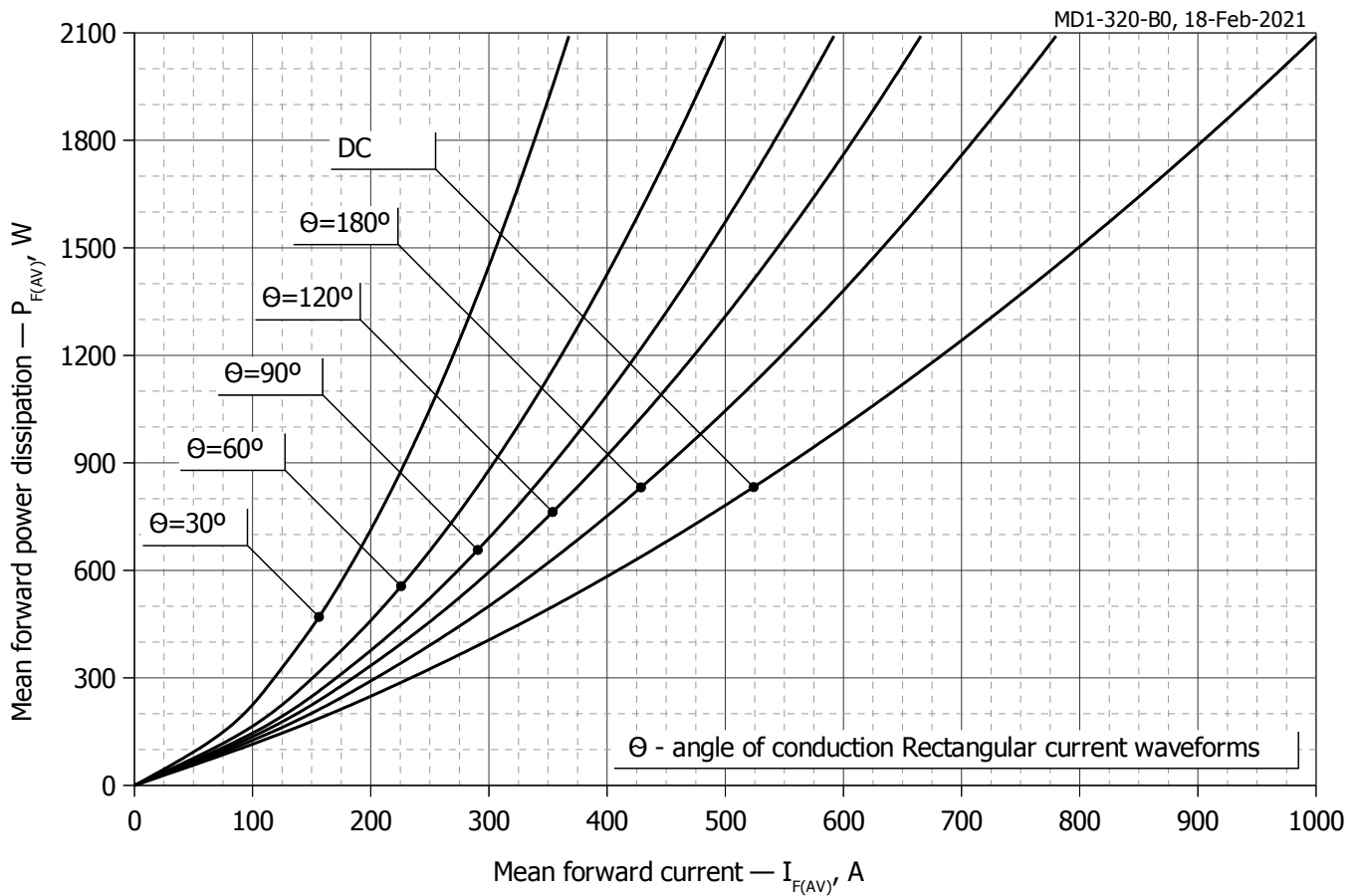
DC

<b>i</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b><math>R_i</math>, K/W</b>	0.0249	0.0112	0.01635	0.0006528	0.001791	0.0001363
<b><math>\tau_i</math>, s</b>	3.132	1.000	0.2335	0.01038	0.002348	0.0002448

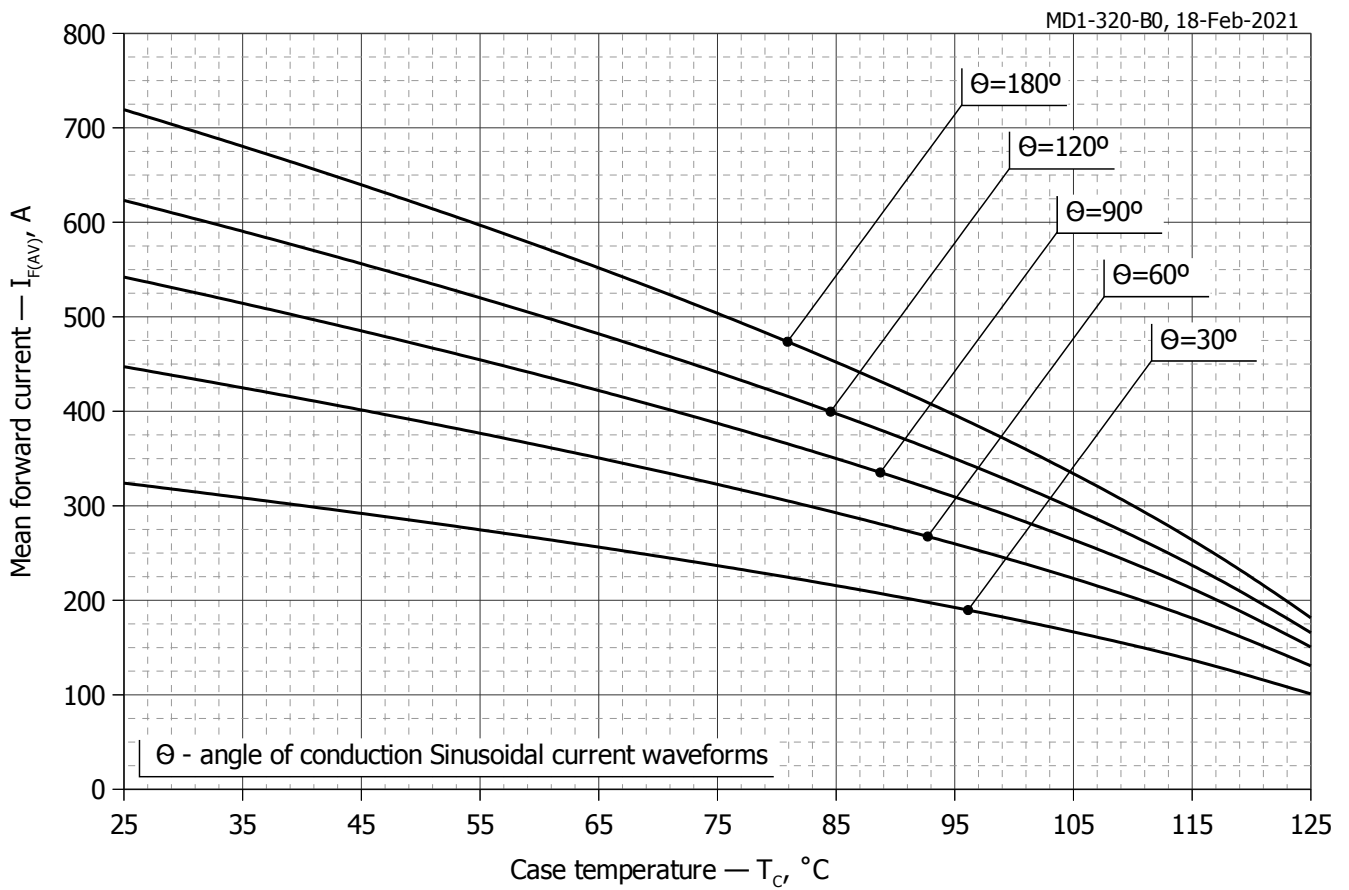
**Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  model (see Fig. 2)**



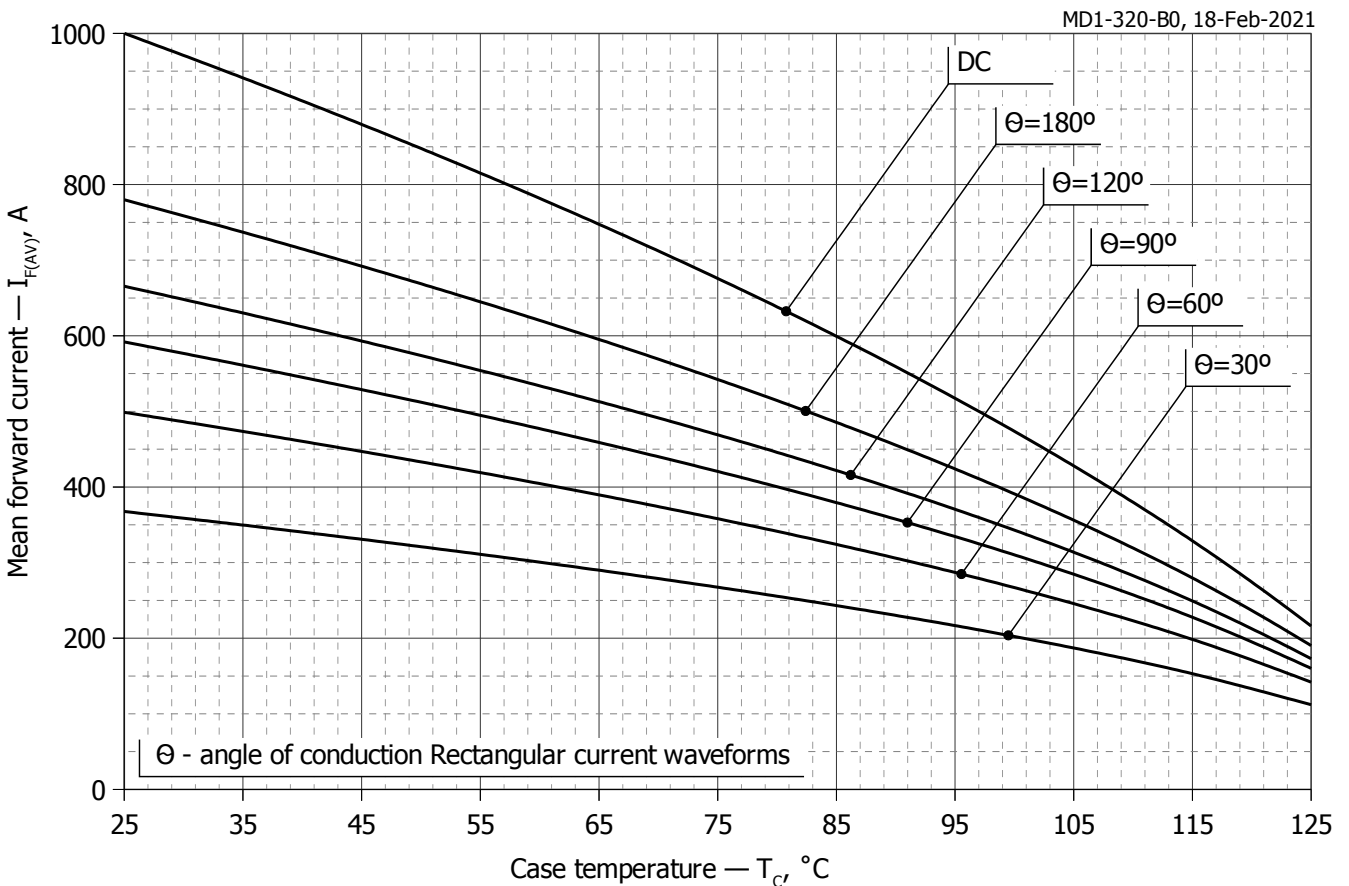
**Fig. 3 - Mean forward power dissipation  $P_{FAV}$  vs. mean forward current  $I_{FAV}$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



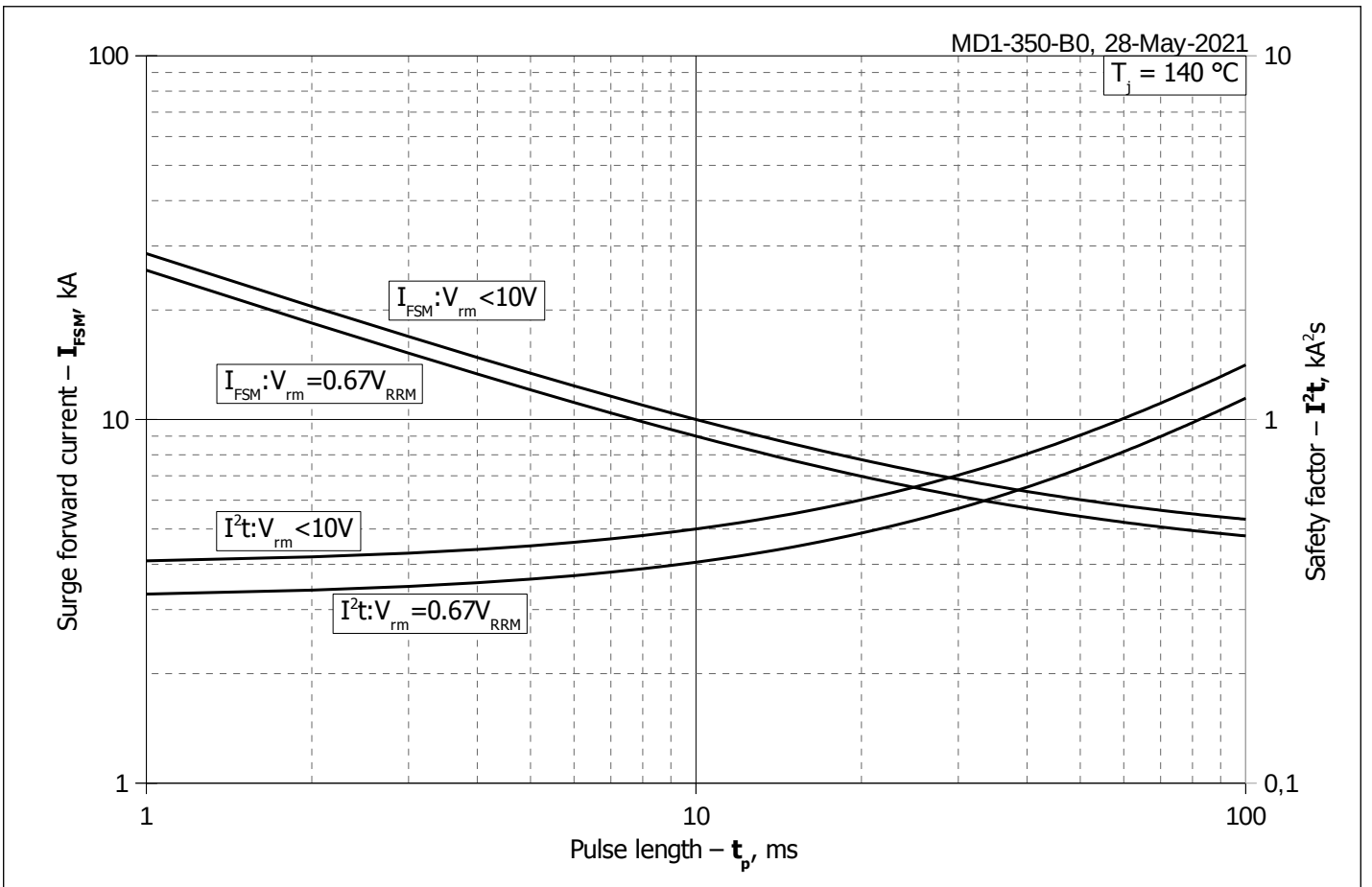
**Fig. 4 – Mean forward power dissipation  $P_{FAV}$  vs. mean forward current  $I_{FAV}$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



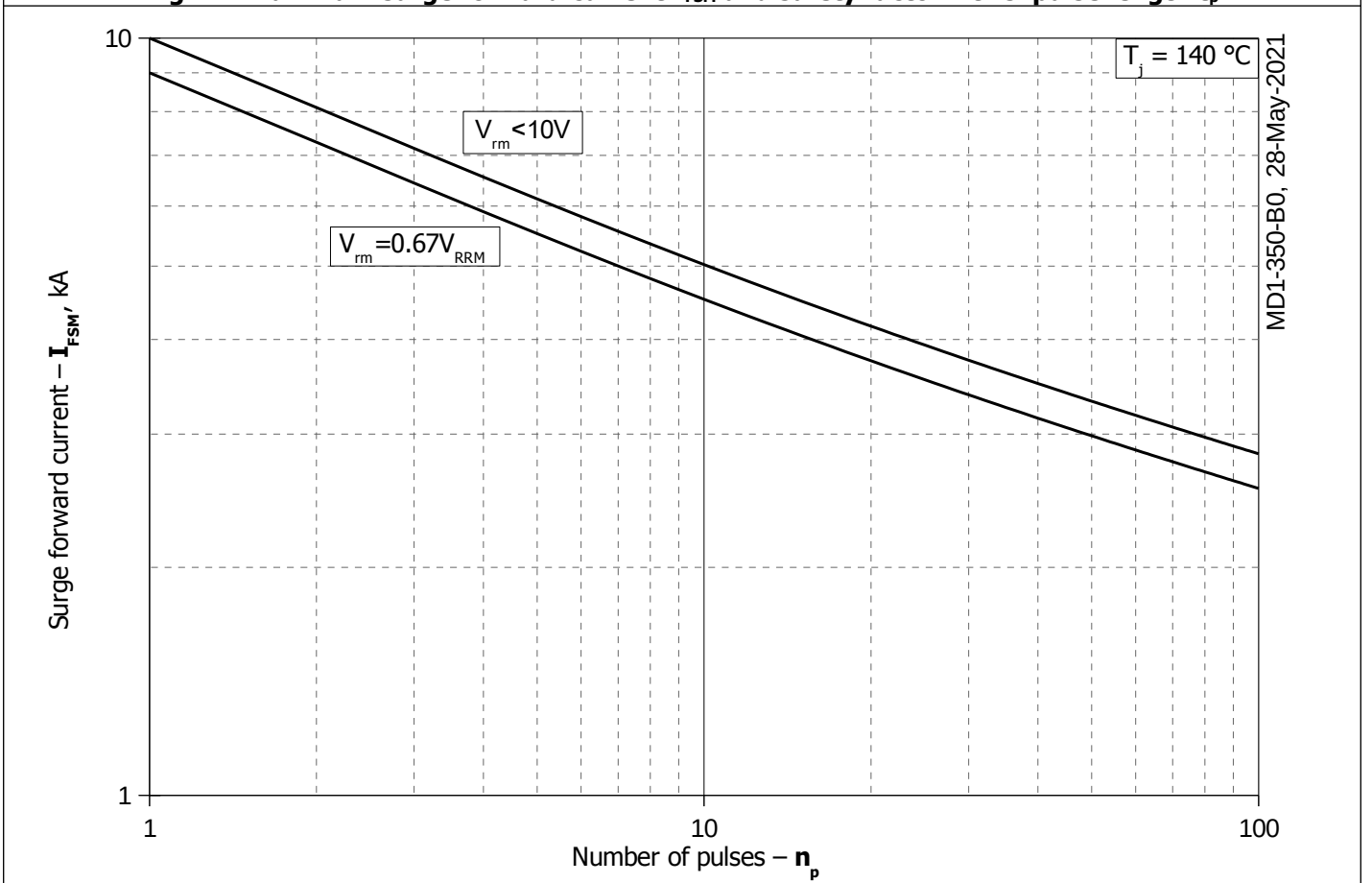
**Fig. 5 – Mean forward current  $I_{FAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



**Fig. 6 - Mean forward current  $I_{FAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



**Fig. 7 – Maximum surge forward current  $I_{FSM}$  and safety factor  $I^2t$  vs. pulse length  $t_p$**



**Fig. 8 - Maximum surge forward current  $I_{FSM}$  vs. number of pulses  $n_p$**